TRANSFORM CALCULUS	<u>, FOURIER SERI</u>		<u>L TECHNIQUES</u>
Course Code:	21MAT31	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives:			
 CLO 1. To have an insight into solvi techniques CLO 2. Learn to use the Fourier serianalysis. CLO 3. To enable the students to stuce Cosine transforms and to learn method. CLO 4. To develop the proficiency in engineering applications, us Teaching-Learning Process (Generation of the students). These are sample Strategies, which the outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need not teaching methods could be at 2. Use of Video/Animation to et 3. Encourage collaborative (Gr 4. Ask at least three HOT (High thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learn thinking skills such as the at than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold 7. Show the different ways to state of the state of th	tes to represent perior ady Fourier Transfor arn the method of sol in solving ordinary ar ing numerical method ral Instructions) eachers can use to act of to be only tradition dopted to attain the xplain functioning of oup Learning) Learn er order Thinking) of ing (PBL), which fost oility to design, evalu d representations. olve the same proble olve them.	odical physical phenomenons and concepts of infinitiving difference equation and partial differential equads eccelerate the attainment of the attain outcomes. If various concepts, and attain the class, where a students' Analytical state, generalize, and analytical state, generalize, and analytical state.	na in engineering ite Fourier Sine and s by the z-transform nations arising in of the various course lternative effective ich promotes critical skills, develop design yze information rather
 Discuss how every concept of improve the students' under 		real world - and when th	at's possible, it helps
improve the students under	Module-	1	
Definition and Laplace transforms	of elementary fund	tions (statements only)	_
transform of $e^{at}f(t)$, $t^n f(t)$, $\frac{f(t)}{t}$, step function – problems.	. Laplace transforms	s of Periodic functions (st	tatement only) and unit-
Inverse Laplace transforms definition transforms (without Proof) and prequations.			
Self-study: Solution of simultaneous first-order differential equations.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk me		
	Module-2	2	
Introduction to infinite series, conv Fourier series of periodic functions Practical harmonic analysis.			
Self-study: Convergence of series by	D'Alembert's Ratio	test and Cauchy's root te	st

	Module-3	
Infinite Fourier transforms definition, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms,		
Inverse Fourier cosine and sine transforms. Problems.		
Difference equations, z-transform-definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules, Problems. Inverse z-transform and applications to solve difference equations.		
Self-Study: Initial value and final valu	e theorems, problems	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation	
	Module-4	
derivatives, Solution of Laplace's equa	tial differential equations, finite difference approximations to ation using standard five-point formula. Solution of heat equation by licholson method, Solution of the Wave equation. Problems.	
Self-Study: Solution of Poisson equat	ions using standard five-point formula.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
	Module-5	
(No derivations of formulae). Calculus of Variations: Functionals, E	Runge-Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method. uler's equation, Problems on extremals of functional. Geodesics on a	
plane, Variational problems. <u>Self- Study: Hanging chain problem</u> Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)		
At the end of the course the student w		
CO 1. To solve ordinary differential		
	o study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in	
	tal signal processing and field theory.	
	analyze problems involving continuous-time signals and to apply Z-	
Transform techniques to solv		
	s represented by initial or boundary value problems involving	
partial differential equations CO 5. Determine the extremals of fu dynamics of rigid bodies and	unctionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in vibrational analysis.	
Assessment Details (both CIE and S	EE)	
	Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
	CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
	narks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)		
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester		
 First test at the end of 5th week of the semester Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 		
 Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester 		
Two assignments each of 10 Marks		
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester		
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)		
Maulas (damat's cod las)		

6.	At the end of the 13 th week of the semester
	m of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
	ll be scaled down to 50 marks
-	ve less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	ds of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	ethods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy the outcome defined for the course.
	ter End Examination:
-	v SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
papers	for the subject (duration 03 hours)
	he question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be roportionally reduced to 50 marks
2. T	here will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a
m	aximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
The stu	dents have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Sugge	sted Learning Resources:
Textbo	ooks
	B. S. Grewal: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44th Ed.2018 E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed. (Reprint), 2016.
	ence Books:
1. 2.	V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed. Srimanta Pal & Subodh C. Bhunia: "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 3rd Reprint, 2016.
3.	N.P Bali and Manish Goyal: "A textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, Lates edition.
4.	C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" McGraw – Hill Boo Co.Newyork, Latest ed.
5.	Graw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015.
	H.K.Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S.Chand Publication (2014).
	James Stewart: "Calculus" Cengage publications, 7th edition, 4th Reprint 2019
	nks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1.	\mathbf{F}
	http://academicearth.org/
	http://www.bookstreet.in.
	VTU e-Shikshana Program
	VTU EDUSAT Program
	y Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
•	Quizzes

- Assignments •
- Seminars •

DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS				
Course Code:	21CS32	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100	
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	
Course Objectives:				
CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of data structures and their applications essential for implementing				

solutions to problems. CLO 2. Illustrate representation of data structures: Stack, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and Graphs.

CLO 3. Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Arrays, Structures, Stack, Queues, Linked Lists.

CLO 4. Explore usage of Trees and Graph for application development.

CLO 5. Apply the Hashing techniques in mapping key value pairs.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non-Primitive), Data structure operations (Traversing, inserting, deleting, searching, and sorting). Review of Arrays. Structures: Array of structures Self-Referential Structures.

Dynamic Memory Allocation Functions. Representation of Linear Arrays in Memory, dynamically allocated arrays and Multidimensional Arrays.

Demonstration of representation of Polynomials and Sparse Matrices with arrays.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter 2: 2.2 - 2.7, Text Textbook 2: Chapter 1: 1.1 - 1.4, Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.9, 4.14 Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.3

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array Operations a. Creating an Array of N Integer Elements
 - b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings
 - c. Exit.

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

- 2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array operations
 - a. Inserting an Element (ELEM) at a given valid Position (POS)
 - b. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position POS)
 - c. Display of Array Elements
 - d. Exit.

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning (Implementation of different programs to	
	illustrate application of arrays and structures.	
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-qns&t=201s	
	https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html	
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/data-structures-	
	1/List%20of%20experiments.html	

	Module-2			
Stacks: Definition Stack Operation	ons, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic			
	of expression. Stack Applications: Infix to postfix conversion, Infix to			
prefix conversion, evaluation of postfix expression, recursion.				
Queues: Definition, Array Representation of Queues, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Queues and				
	rrays, Dequeues, Priority Queues.			
	r, 3.6 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.4, 6.5, 6.7-6.13			
Laboratory Component:				
1. Design. Develop and Im	plement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on			
	y Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)			
a. Push an Element				
b. <i>Pop</i> an Element				
•	verflow and Underflow situations on Stack			
d. Display the state				
e. Exit				
Support the program with	th appropriate functions for each of the above operations			
2. Design, Develop and Imp	plement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications			
a. Evaluation of Su	iffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^			
b. Solving Tower o	of Hanoi problem with n disks			
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem based learning			
reaching hearing rocess	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/			
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html			
	https://usi-mui.viabs.ac.m/exp/stacks-queues/muex.ntm			
	Module-3			
Linked Lists: Definition. classifi	cation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in			
	Deletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly			
	ircular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues.			
•	ynomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples.			
ripplications of Elliked lists – 1 of	ynonnais, sparse matrix representation. I rogramming Examples.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.4	4, 4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9			
Laboratory Component:				
1. Singly Linked List (SLL)				
a. Create a SLL stack of N integer.				
b. Display of SLL				
c. Linear search. Create a SLL queue of N Students Data Concatenation of two SLL of				
integers.				
2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operationso Doubly Linked List (DLL) of Professor Data with the fields: ID, Name, Branch, Area				
specialization	bij of fiolessof Data with the fields. 1D, Name, Dianen, fied of			
a. Create a DLL stack of N Professor's Data.				
b. Create a DLL gueue of N Professor's Data				
Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it.				
1				
Teaching-Learning Process	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists.			
	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/			
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html			
https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html				
https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html				
https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html				

Module-4		
Trees 1: Terminologies, Binary Trees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Representation of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; Threaded binary trees, Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching operation on Binary search tree. Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.		
	5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9	
 Laboratory Component: 1. Given an array of elements, construct a complete binary tree from this array in level order fashion. That is, elements from left in the array will be filled in the tree level wise starting from level 0. Ex: Input : arr[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6} Output : Root of the following tree 1 /\ 2 3 /\ /\ 4 5 6 2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree (BST) of Integers a. Create a BST of N Integers b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order 		
Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and- algorithms.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first- traversal/dft-practice.html	
	Module-5	
Trees 2: AVL tree, Red-black tree, S	play tree, B-tree.	
Graphs: Definitions, Terminologies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversal methods: Breadth First Search and Depth FirstSearch. Hashing: Hash Table organizations, Hashing Functions, Static and Dynamic Hashing.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 10.3, 10.4, Textbook 2:7.10 – 7.12, 7.15 Chapter 11: 11.2, Textbook 1: Chapter 6 : 6.1–6.2, Chapter 8 : 8.1-8.3, Textbook 2: 8.1 – 8.3, 8.5, 8.7		
Textbook 3: Chapter 15:15.1, 15.2,15.3, 15.4,15.5 and 15.7		
Laboratory Component:		
 Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method. 		
2. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.		
Teaching-Learning Process	NPTL, MOOC etc. courses on trees and graphs.	

http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-
algorithms.html

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify different data structures and their applications.
- CO 2. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
- CO 3. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
- CO 4. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.
- CO 5. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.

- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 2. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
- 3. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
- 4. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/
- 3. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

Course	0 1			
Toachir	Lode	21CS33	CIE Marks	50
1 Callill	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
	ours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
Course CLO 1. CLO 2. CLO 3. CLO 4. CLO 5. Teachi	E Learning Objectives: Explain the use of photo election Make use of simplifying technological Illustrate combinational and Demonstrate the use of flipfle Design and test counters, Ana ng-Learning Process (Generno are sample Strategies, which technological Marcelogical Strategies, which technological Comparison of the strategies of the strate	tronics devices, 555 niques in the design sequential digital cir ops and apply for reg alog-to-Digital and E al Instructions) achers can use to ac t mean only traditio opted to develop the to explain functioni oup Learning) Learn er order Thinking) q ng (PBL), which fost	timer IC, Regulator ICs a of combinational circuits rcuits gisters bigital-to-Analog convers celerate the attainment of nal lecture method, but d outcomes. ng of various concepts. ing in the class. uestions in the class, whi ers students' Analytical s	nd uA741 s. ion techniques. of the various course ifferent type of ich promotes critical skills, develop thinking
6. 7. 8.	Topics will be introduced in a Show the different ways to so their own creative ways to so Discuss how every concept ca improve the students' unders	olve the same proble olve them. an be applied to the	m and encourage the stu	-
	F	-		
BJT Bia	sing: Fixed bias, Collector to ba	Module-1		
Operati Amplifi Supply Textbo		Module- ase Bias, voltage div cuits: Peak Detector ent-to-Voltage and V e regulator, D to A a	ider bias , Schmitt trigger, Active F oltage-to-Current Conve nd A to D converter.	rter, Regulated Power
Operati Amplifi Supply Textbo 8 (Sect <i>Labora</i> 1. 2. 3.	sing: Fixed bias, Collector to ba ional Amplifier Application Cir ier, Relaxation Oscillator, Curro Parameters, adjustable voltag ook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Sec ions 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9. Itory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage divi Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibrat using NE 555 timer IC.	Module- ase Bias, voltage div cuits: Peak Detector ent-to-Voltage and V e regulator, D to A at tions 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), der biased voltage a a 1 kHz Relaxation (tor circuit for three o	ider bias , Schmitt trigger, Active F foltage-to-Current Conve nd A to D converter. Chapter 7 (Sections 7. 4 mplifier using any suitab Oscillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%,	rter, Regulated Power 4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%)
Operati Amplifi Supply Textbo 8 (Sect <i>Labora</i> 1. 2. 3. 3.	sing: Fixed bias, Collector to be ional Amplifier Application Cir er, Relaxation Oscillator, Curro Parameters, adjustable voltag ook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Sec ions 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9. Mory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage divi Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibra using NE 555 timer IC. Using ua 741 opamap, design	Module- ase Bias, voltage div cuits: Peak Detector ent-to-Voltage and V e regulator, D to A an tions 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), der biased voltage a a 1 kHz Relaxation (tor circuit for three of a a window compara	ider bias , Schmitt trigger, Active H foltage-to-Current Conve nd A to D converter. Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4 mplifier using any suitab Dscillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%, tor for any given UTP and	rter, Regulated Power 4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapte le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%) d LTP.
Operati Amplifi Supply Textbo 8 (Sect Labora 1. 2. 3. 4.	sing: Fixed bias, Collector to ba ional Amplifier Application Cir ier, Relaxation Oscillator, Curro Parameters, adjustable voltag ook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Sec ions 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9. Itory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage divi Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibrat using NE 555 timer IC.	Module- ase Bias, voltage div cuits: Peak Detector ent-to-Voltage and V e regulator, D to A an tions 4.2, 4.3, 4.4), der biased voltage a a 1 kHz Relaxation (tor circuit for three of a window compara 1. Demonstra 2. Project won function ge square and	ider bias , Schmitt trigger, Active F foltage-to-Current Conve nd A to D converter. Chapter 7 (Sections 7. 4 mplifier using any suitab Oscillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%,	rter, Regulated Power 4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%) <u>d LTP.</u> ulation. ower supply and io frequency. Sine,

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable Karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, the prime implicant chart, Petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and inplement the same using basic gates.

Teaching-Learning Process1.Chalk and Board for numerical		Chalk and Board for numerical
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration
Module-3		

Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in, Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits

Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 8, Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
- 2. Design and implement code converter I) Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator	
	2. Case study: Applications of Programmable Logic device	
	3. Chalk and Board for numerical	
Module-4		

Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules.

Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3, SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3), Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.7)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same in HDL simulator
- 2. Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Demonstration using simulator
	2.	Case study: Arithmetic and Logic unit in VHDL
	3.	Chalk and Board for numerical
Module-5		
Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers		

Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)

Laboratory Component: 1. Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working. 2. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447) **Teaching-Learning Process** 1. Demonstration using simulator 2. Project Work: Designing any counter, use LED / Sevensegment display to display the output 3. Chalk and Board for numerical **Course outcome (Course Skill Set)** At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp. CO 2. Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same. CO 3. Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map, and Quine-McClusky Methods CO 4. Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types. CO 5. Develop simple HDL programs **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)** The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together **Continuous Internal Evaluation:** Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of 10 Marks 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to 20 marks. Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components – 15 Marks. Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics) The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks (to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. **Semester End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Raghunandan G H Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning, 2019

Reference Books

- 1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Analog Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102112/
- 2. Digital Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/
- 3. Analog Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/be/
- 4. Digital Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the design concepts of oscillator, amplifier, switch, Digital circuits using Opamps, 555 timer, transistor, Digital ICs and design a application like tone generator, temperature sensor, digital clock, dancing lights etc.

COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE					
Course Code	21CS34	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. Understand the org operation	anization and archite	ecture of computer syste	ems, their structure and		
CLO 2. Illustrate the conce	-				
CLO 3. Demonstrate differ	•	- ,			
CLO 4. Describe different t					
CLO 5. Explain arithmetic					
CLO 6. Demonstrate proce		el processing and pipeli	ne architecture		
Teaching-Learning Process (Ge	eneral Instructions)				
These are sample Strategies, whi	ch teachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course		
outcomes.					
1. Lecturer method (L) nee	d not to be only a trac	ditional lecture method.	but alternative effective		
teaching methods could	•				
2. Use of Video/Animation	•				
3. Encourage collaborative	-				
-		-	, which promotes critical		
thinking.		g) questions in the class	, which promotes critical		
0	parning (PRL) which f	fostors students' Analyti	ical skills, develop design		
-		•	analyze information rather		
-	e ability to design, ev	aluale, gellel allze, allu a	maryze mior mation rather		
than simply recall it.	:6-14				
6. Introduce Topics in man	_				
			cuits/logic and encourage		
the students to come up		•			
2		the real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps		
improve the students' un	0				
	Modu	-			
Basic Structure of Computers Clock, Basic Performance Equation			s, Performance – Processor		
Machine Instructions and H	Machine Instructions and Programs: Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations,				
	Instructions and Instruction Sequencing, Addressing Modes				
Textbook 1: Chapter1 - 1.3, 1.4, 1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4, 1.6.7), Chapter2 - 2.2 to 2.5					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning					
	Modu				
Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Direct Memory					
Access, Buses, Interface Circuits					
Toythook 1. Chapter 4 , 4 , 1 , 4 , 2 , 4 , 4 , 5 , 4 , 6					
Textbook 1: Chapter4 - 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration					
Teaching-Leanning Frocess	Modu	-			
Momony System, David Com			Momonia Croad Cine 1		
Memory System: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read Only Memories, Speed, Size, and					
Cost, Cache Memories – Mapping Functions, Virtual memories					
Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1 to 5.4, 5.5 (5.5.1, 5.5.2)					
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration					
0					

	Module-4			
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithme	tic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed			
	s, Multiplication of Positive Numbers			
	nental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Hardwired control,			
Microprogrammed control				
Touthook 1. Chanton 2.2.1 Ch	antar(-(1 to (2)			
Textbook 1: Chapter2-2.1, Ch Textbook 1: Chapter7 – 7.1, 7				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning			
reaching hearning rocess	Module-5			
Dipoling and Voctor Process	sing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction			
Pipeline, Vector Processing, Arr				
	ay 110cc35015			
Textbook 2: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9	0.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.6, 9.7			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes				
At the end of the course the stu	dent will be able to:			
CO 1. Explain the organization	n and architecture of computer systems with machine instructions and			
programs				
	out devices communicating with computer system			
	ons of different types of memory devices			
	pes on simple arithmetic and logical unit			
	of basic processing unit, Parallel processing and pipelining			
Assessment Details (both CIE				
	iternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be				
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
	End Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluation				
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Ma				
1. First test at the end of s				
2. Second test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester				
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester				
Two assignments each of 10 Ma				
-	end of 4 th week of the semester			
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester				
	z any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$			
Marks (duration 01 hours)				
6. At the end of the 13^{th} w				
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be $\ensuremath{\textit{scaled down to 50}}$	marks			
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
	od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).			
CIE methods /question paper	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy			
as per the outcome defined for	or the course.			
Semester End Examination:				
Theory SEE will be conducted	l by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question			
papers for the subject (duratio				
	l have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shall			
 The question paper will 	in have ten questions. Lach question is set for 20 marks. Marks scored shan			

be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, PHI, 3rd Edition

Reference:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson **Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/106103068/pdf/coa.pdf
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/
- 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106166/
- 6. <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-organization.html</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Discussion and literature survey on real world use cases
- Quizzes

	OBJECT ORIENTE	D PROGRAMMIN	G WITH JAVA LABOR	ATORY
Course Co	ode	21CSL35	CIE Marks	50
	Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hou	irs of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
Course O	bjectives:			
	Demonstrate the use of Eclip Jsing java programming to o			
	Reinforce the understanding			
	Note: two hours tutoria		each laboratory sessions	s.
			requisite	
		be familiarized abo	ut java installation and se	tting the java
	environment.Usage of IDEs like	ke Eclipse/Netbeans	should be introduced.	
Sl. No.	PART A – List of problem	ns for which studen	nt should develop progra	m and execute in the
	Laboratory			
	Aim: Introduce the java f	undamentals, data t	ypes, operators in java	
1	Program: Write a java pr	ogram that prints al	ll real solutions to the qua	dratic equation
	ax2+bx+c=0. Read in a, b			I
			objects, constructors, dec	claration and
	initialization of variables			
		lass called Student	with the following details	as variables within it.
	USN			
2	Name			
	Branch Phone			
		create n Student ohi	ects and print the USN, N	ame Branch and Phone
	of these objects with suit			anie, Dranen, ana i none
	Aim: Discuss the various	Decision-making st	atements, loop constructs	s in java
2	Program:			
3	A. Write a program to ch			
	B.Write a program for Ar	rithmetic calculator	using switch case menu	
	Aim: Demonstrate the co	re object-oriented c	oncept of Inheritance, po	lymorphism
	Design a super class calle	ed Staff with details	as StaffId, Name, Phone, S	Salary, Extend this class
4			g (domain, publications), '	
			ead and display at least 3	
	categories.	, I C	1 9	,
	Aim: Introduce concepts	of method overload	ing, constructor overload	ing, overriding.
5 Program: Write a java program demonstrating Method overloading and Constru-				
	overloading.	ogram demonstrati	ng Method overloading ar	id Constructor
	Aim: Introduce the conce	ept of Abstraction, p	ackages.	
C	Duoguore David	application to tool	montaurer	(Dollanta IND FUDO)
6 Program: Develop a java application to implement currency converter (Dollar to INR, Yen to INR and vice versa), distance converter (meter to KM, miles to KM a				
			nd vice versa) using packa	
	inne converter (nours to	minutes, seconds al	nu vice versat using Dacka	a2C3.

	Program: Write a program to generate the resume. Create 2 Java classes Teacher (data: personal information, qualification, experience, achievements) and Student (data: personal information, result, discipline) which implements the java interface Resume with the method biodata().
	Aim: Demonstrate creation of threads using Thread class and Runnable interface, multi- threaded programming.
8	Program: Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
	Aim: Introduce java Collections.
9	Program: Write a program to perform string operations using ArrayList. Write functions for the following a. Append - add at end b. Insert – add at particular index c. Search d. List all string starts with given letter.
	Aim: Exception handling in java, introduction to throwable class, throw, throws, finally.
10	Program: Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
	Aim: Introduce File operations in java.
11	Program: Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes
	Aim: Introduce java Applet, awt, swings.
12	Programs: Develop an applet that displays a simple message in center of the screen. Develop a simple calculator using Swings.
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
01	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
	Dutcome (Course Skill Set) d of the course the student will be able to:
CO 2. 4 CO 3. 1	Jse Eclipse/NetBeans IDE to design, develop, debug Java Projects. Analyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming and become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP. Demonstrate the ability to design and develop java programs, analyze, and interpret object-
CO 4. A	priented data and document results. Apply the concepts of multiprogramming, exception/event handling, abstraction to develop
	obust programs. Develop user friendly applications using File I/O and GUI concepts.
	ent Details (both CIE and SEE)
50%. The be deeme	shtage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is e minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall ed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. ent has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
• •	ous Internal Evaluation (CIE):
CIE mark	s for the practical course is 50 Marks .
TT1 12+	and CIF mended for meaned (i summed and test and in the metic (0.40)

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

• Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up.

Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

- 1. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java, Graw Hill, 6th Edition, 2019.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, C: Java the Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 11th Edition, 2020

MASTERING OFFICE (Practical based)						
Course Code 21CSL381 CIE Marks50						
Teachi	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total H	lours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100		
Credits	3	01	Exam Hours	02		
CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 CLO 5	 Understand the basics of com Attain the knowledge about sp Create simple presentations u Demonstrate the ability to app Use MS Office to create projecting-Learning Process (General 	breadsheet/work sing templates va oly application so ts, applications.	sheet with various opt arious options availabl	tions. e.		
outcom	are sample Strategies, which tea nes. Lecturer method (L) need not teaching methods could be ado	to be only traditi	onal lecture method, b			
2.	Use of Video/Animation to exp	olain functioning	of various concepts.			
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.						
4.	Ask at least three HOT (Higher thinking.	r order Thinking)	questions in the class,	which promotes critical		
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learnin thinking skills such as the abil than simply recall it.					
6.	Introduce Topics in manifold r	epresentations.				
7	Charutha different wave to cal		1			

- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

MS-Word -Working with Files, Text – Formatting, Moving, copying and pasting text, Styles – Lists – Bulleted and numbered lists, Nested lists, Formatting lists. Table Manipulations. Graphics – Adding clip Art, add an image from a file, editing graphics, Page formatting - Header and footers, page numbers, Protect the Document, Mail Merge, Macros – Creating & Saving web pages, Hyperlinks.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning
	Module-2

MS-Excel- Modifying a Worksheet – Moving through cells, adding worksheets, rows and columns, Resizing rows and columns, selecting cells, Moving and copying cells, freezing panes - Macros – recording and running. Linking worksheets - Sorting and Filling, Alternating text and numbers with Auto fill, Auto filling functions. Graphics – Adding clip art, add an image from a file, Charts – Using chart Wizard, Copy a chart to Microsoft Word.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,
	Module-3

MS-Power Point -Create a Presentation from a template- Working with Slides – Insert a new slide, applying a design template, changing slide layouts – Resizing a text box, Text box properties, delete a text box - Video and Audio effects, Color Schemes & Backgrounds Adding clip art, adding an image from a file, Save as a web page.

Toythook 1. Chapton 5					
Textbook 1: Chapter 5 Teaching-Learning Process	Demonstration, presentation preparation for case studies				
Teaching-Learning Frocess	Module-4				
Module-4 MS-Access - Using Access database wizard, pages and projects. Creating Tables – Create a Table in design view. Datasheet Records – Adding, Editing, deleting records, Adding and deleting columns Resizing rows and columns, finding data in a table & replacing, Print a datasheet. Queries - MS-Access.					
Textbook 1: Chapter 4					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Practical based learning.				
	Module-5				
Outlook Data Files	n, Starting Microsoft Outlook, Outlook Today, Different Views In Outlook,				
Textbook 1: Chapter 7					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC				
Course Outcomes (Course Skill	•				
presentations with a CO 2. Create, edit, save an mail merge and gran CO 3. Attain the knowledg	 At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Know the basics of computers and prepare documents, spreadsheets, make small presentations with audio, video and graphs and would be acquainted with internet. CO 2. Create, edit, save and print documents with list tables, header, footer, graphic, spellchecker, mail merge and grammar checker CO 3. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet with formula, macros spell checker etc. CO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment. 				
Assessment Details (both CIE a					
50%. The minimum passing mar be deemed to have satisfied the The student has to secure not l (SEE).	nternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is k for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
Continuous Internal Evaluation					
 CIE marks for the practical cours The split-up of CIE marks for rec Each experiment to be e Rubrics for the evaluation 	prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above be is 50 Marks . ord/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 . valuated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by g the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning				
will be evaluated for 10 ma	the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up arks. students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).				
 Weightage to be given for a Department shall conduct of the semester and the see In each test, test write-up, 	neatness and submission of record/write-up on time. 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 th week cond test shall be conducted after the 14 th week of the semester. conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge				
 The suitable rubrics can b Rubrics suggested in Anne The average of 02 tests is s 	scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks). scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is e student.				

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://youtu.be/9VRmgC2GRFE</u>
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/rJPWi5x0g3I</u>
- 3. <u>https://youtu.be/tcj2BhhCMN4</u>
- 4. <u>https://youtu.be/ubmwp8kbfPc</u>
- 5. <u>https://youtu.be/i6eNvfQ8fTw</u>
- 6. <u>http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/training/CR010047968.aspx</u>
- 7. <u>https://gsuite.google.com/leaming-center</u>
- 8. <u>http://spoken-tutorial.org</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Windows Framework.

PROGRAMMING IN C++				
21CS382	CIE Marks	50		
1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
12	Total Marks	100		
01	Exam Hours	01		
	21CS382	21CS382 CIE Marks 1:0:0:0 SEE Marks 12 Total Marks		

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understanding about object oriented programming and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object.
- CLO 2. Understand the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions.
- CLO 3. Understand about constructors which are special type of functions.
- CLO 4. Create and process data in files using file I/O functions
- CLO 5. Use the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: Computer programming background- C++ overview-First C++ Program -Basic C++ syntax, Object Oriented Programming: What is an object, Classes, methods and messages, abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance, abstract classes, polymorphism.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning				
	Module-2				
Functions in C++: Tokens – Keywords – Identifiers and constants – Operators in C++ – Scope resolution operator – Expressions and their types – Special assignment expressions – Function prototyping – Call by reference – Return by reference – Inline functions -Default arguments – Function overloading.					
Textbook 2: Chapter 3(3.2,3	3.3,3.4,3.13,3.14,3.19, 3.20) , chapter 4(4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7,4.9)				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,				
	problem solving				
Module-3					
Inheritance & Polymorphism: Derived class Constructors, destructors-Types of Inheritance- Defining					
Derived classes, Single Inheritance, Multiple, Hierarchical Inheritance, Hybrid Inheritance.					
Textbook 2: Chapter 6 (6.2,6.11) chapter 8 (8.1 to,8.8)					

Feaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving				
Module-4				
I/O Streams: C++ Class Hierarchy- File Stream-Text File Handling- Binary File Handling during file				
operations.				
Textbook 1: Chapter 12(12.5) , Ch	apter 13 (13.6,13.7)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's			
	Module-5			
Exception Handling: Introduction	to Exception - Benefits of Exception handling- Try and catch block-			
Throw statement- Pre-defined excep	ptions in C++ .			
Textbook 2: Chapter 13 (13.2 to13	3.6)			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se	t):			
At the end of the course the student				
CO 1. Able to understand and concepts.	design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming			
	e with extensible Class types, User-defined operators and function			
CO 3. Achieve code reusabilit	y and extensibility by means of Inheritance and Polymorphism			
	e Performance analysis of I/O Streams.			
_	of C++ including templates, exceptions and file handling for			
	solutions to complex problems.			
Assessment Details (both CIE and	-			
	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/			
	ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal			
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluation:				
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} w				
2. Second test at the end of the				
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester				
Two assignments each of 10 Marks	- 6 Ath			
4. First assignment at the end				
-	nd of 9 th week of the semester y one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20			
Marks (duration 01 hours)	y one of three suitably planned to attain the COS and POS for 20			
6. At the end of the 13 th week	of the semester			
	ents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks			
and will be scaled down to 50 mar				
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).				
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy				
as per the outcome defined for the				
Semester End Examination:				
	University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question			
papers for the subject (duration 01				
SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The				
time allotted for SEE is 01 hours				

Textbooks

- 1. Bhushan Trivedi, "Programming with ANSI C++", Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
- 2. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd , Fourth Edition 2010.

Reference Books

- 1. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004.
- 2. Ray Lischner, "Exploring C++ : The programmer's introduction to C++", apress, 2010
- 3. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Basics of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BClS40yzssA</u>
- 2. Functions of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

IV Semester

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS			
Course Code	21CS42	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the methods of analysing the algorithms and to analyze performance of algorithms.

CLO 2. State algorithm's efficiencies using asymptotic notations.

CLO 3. Solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the brute force method, greedy method, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.

CLO 4. Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application. CLO 5. Introduce P and NP classes.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is an Algorithm? It's Properties. Algorithm Specification-using natural language, using Pseudo code convention, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem solving, Analysis Framework-Time efficiency and space efficiency, Worst-case, Best-case and Average case efficiency.

Performance Analysis: Estimating Space complexity and Time complexity of algorithms.

Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (\square) with examples, Basic efficiency classes, Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms with Examples.

Brute force design technique: Selection sort, sequential search, string matching algorithm with complexity Analysis.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

Textbook 2: Chapter 1(section 1.1,1.2,1.3)

Laboratory Component:

 Sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the brute force method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Problem based Learning.	
	2. Chalk & board, Active Learning.	
	3. Laboratory Demonstration.	
Module-2		

Divide and Conquer: General method, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, solving it using Master's theorem. , Divide and Conquer algorithms and complexity Analysis of Finding the maximum & minimum, Binary search, Merge sort, Quick sort.

Decrease and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Insertion sort, Graph searching algorithms, Topological Sorting. It's efficiency analysis.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(Sections 3.1,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6)

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2,4.3), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1,5.2,5.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time

complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

2. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
	2.	Learning. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-3

Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, solving Job sequencing with deadlines Problems.

Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm with performance analysis.

Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes.

Transform and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Heaps and Heap Sort.

Textbook 2: Chapter 4(Sections 4.1,4.3,4.5)

Textbook 1: Chapter 9(Section 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4), Chapter 6(section 6.4)

Laboratory Component:

Write & Execute C++/Java Program

- 1. To solve Knapsack problem using Greedy method.
- 2. To find shortest paths to other vertices from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, using Dijkstra's algorithm.
- 3. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
- 4. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process1.Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem base		Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
		Learning.
2. Laboratory Demonstration.		
Module-4		

Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs.

Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm. All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm,

Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Travelling Sales Person problem.

Space-Time Tradeoffs: Introduction, Sorting by Counting, Input Enhancement in String Matching-Harspool's algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1,5.2,5.4,5.9)

Textbook 1: Chapter 8(Sections 8.2,8.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)

Laboratory Component:

Write C++/ Java programs to

- 1. Solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.
- 2. Solve Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
- 3. Solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method.

Teaching-Learning Process1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
	Learning.
2.	Laboratory Demonstration.
	Module-5

Backtracking: General method, solution using back tracking to N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Problems.

Branch and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem

NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic concepts, non- deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2) Chapter 11(11.3)

Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5) Chapter 11 (Section 11.1)

Laboratory Component:

Design and implement C++/Java Program to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2,..., Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S = {1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1, 2, 6} and {1, 8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

2. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
		learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyze the performance of the algorithms, state the efficiency using asymptotic notations and analyze mathematically the complexity of the algorithm.
- CO 2. Apply divide and conquer approaches and decrease and conquer approaches in solving the problems analyze the same
- CO 3. Apply the appropriate algorithmic design technique like greedy method, transform and conquer approaches and compare the efficiency of algorithms to solve the given problem.
- CO 4. Apply and analyze dynamic programming approaches to solve some problems. and improve an algorithm time efficiency by sacrificing space.
- CO 5. Apply and analyze backtracking, branch and bound methods and to describe P, NP and NP-Complete problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- 2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

Reference Books

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
- 3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html
- 4. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- 5. http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorithms

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,
- 2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

IV Semester

MICRO	CONTROLLER AND E	MBEDDED SYSTEMS	
Course Code	21CS43	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
 Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1: Understand the fundamenregisters and the CPSR. CLO 2: Use the various instruction CLO 3: Program various embedded CLO 4: Identify various componenapplicability. CLO 5: Understand the embedded Teaching-Learning Process (Gentre Strategies, which outcomes. 1. The lecturer method (L) teaching methods may be 2. Show video/animation fi 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (Fentility). 5. Adopt Problem Based Leskills such as the ability to it. 6. Topics will be introduced 	tals of ARM-based syste ns to program the ARM ed components using the nts, their purpose, and the d system's real-time oper eneral Instructions) ch teachers can use to ac does not mean only the e adopted to develop the lms to explain the functi (group learning) learning (group learning) learning tigher order Thinking) q arning (PBL), which fost to evaluate, generalize, a d in multiple representat	ms, including programm controller. embedded C program. heir application to the en rating system and its app celerate the attainment of traditional lecture metho outcomes. oning of various concept og in the class. uestions in the class, wh ters students' Analytical nd analyze information n	ing modules with nbedded system's olication in IoT. of the various course od, but different types of ts. ich promotes critical skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall
7. Show the different ways	-	em and encourage the stu	idents to come up with
their own creative ways			
8. Discuss how every conce		real world, and when tha	at's possible, it helps
improve the students' un	iderstanding.		
	Module-1	1	
 Microprocessors versus Microcontrollers, ARM Embedded Systems: The RISC design philosophy, The ARM Design Philosophy, Embedded System Hardware, Embedded System Software. ARM Processor Fundamentals: Registers, Current Program Status Register, Pipeline, Exceptions, Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Core Extensions Textbook 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 1.4, Chapter 2 - 2.1 to 2.5 			
Laboratory Component:	,		
1. Using Keil software, obse	erve the various register	s, dump, CPSR, with a sin	nple ALP programme.
Teaching-Learning Process		of registers, memory ac	
	programme m		
	2. For concepts, r	numerical, and discussion	n, use chalk and a
		well as a PowerPoint pr	
	Module-2		
Introduction to the ARM Instru			Instructions. Software
Interrupt Instructions, Program S			
C Compilers and Optimization :B	asic C Data Types, C Loo	ping Structures, Register	Allocation, Function

Calls, Pointer Aliasing,			
	s 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 5		
Laboratory Component:			
	 Write a program to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers. Write a program to find the factorial of a number. 		
	an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM.		
	-		
	the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.		
6. Write a program to mid	the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.		
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.		
	2. Laboratory Demonstration		
	Module-3		
C Compilers and Optimization :S	tructure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness,		
Division, Floating Point, Inline Fu	inctions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues.		
ARM programming using Asse	mbly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting,		
instruction scheduling, Register A	Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs		
Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6			
Laboratory Component:			
1. Write a program to a	arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.		
2. Write a program to e	count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory		
locations.			
3. Display "Hello World	d" message using Internal UART.		
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software.		
	2. Chalk and Board for numerical		
	Module-4		
Embedded System Component	s: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded		
systems, Classification of Embedo	ded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of		
embedded systems.			
Core of an Embedded System inc	Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators,		
LED, 7 segment LED display, step	LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface		
(onboard and external types), En	(onboard and external types), Embedded firmware, Other system components.		
	us 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.6)		
Laboratory Component:			
1. Interface and Control a I			
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper motor 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital output Interface a DAC and generation 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms.		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gene Interface a 4x4 keyboar 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD.		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gend Interface a 4x4 keyboar Demonstrate the use of a 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD. an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off.		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gene Interface a 4x4 keyboar Demonstrate the use of a Display the Hex digits 0 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD. an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off. to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gend Interface a 4x4 keyboar Demonstrate the use of a 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD. an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off. to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between. 1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gene Interface a 4x4 keyboar Demonstrate the use of a Display the Hex digits 0 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD. an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off. to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between. 1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded components using keil.		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gene Interface a 4x4 keyboar Demonstrate the use of a Display the Hex digits 0 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD. an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off. to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between. 1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded components using keil. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gene Interface a 4x4 keyboar Demonstrate the use of a Display the Hex digits 0 f 	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD. an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off. to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between. 1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded components using keil. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion Module-5		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gend Interface a 4x4 keyboard Demonstrate the use of a Display the Hex digits 0 f Teaching-Learning Process RTOS and IDE for Embedded System	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD. an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off. to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between. 1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded components using keil. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion Module-5 ystem Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems,		
 Interface and Control a I Interface a Stepper moto Determine Digital outpu Interface a DAC and gend Interface a 4x4 keyboard Demonstrate the use of a Display the Hex digits 0 f Teaching-Learning Process RTOS and IDE for Embedded Sy Task, process and threads (Only 1)	or and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. t for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller. erate Triangular and Square waveforms. d and display the key code on an LCD. an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off. to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between. 1. Demonstration of sample code for various embedded components using keil. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion Module-5		

issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

Textbook 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

Laboratory Component:

1. Demonstration of IoT applications by using Arduino and Raspberry Pi

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion
	2. Significance of real time operating system[RTOS] using
	raspberry pi
a . (a al III (

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain C-Compilers and optimization
- CO 2. Describe the ARM microcontroller's architectural features and program module.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge gained from programming on ARM to different applications.
- CO 4. Program the basic hardware components and their application selection method.
- CO 5. Demonstrate the need for a real-time operating system for embedded system applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
- 2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books

- 1. Raghunandan. G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication, 2019
- 2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
- 3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
- 4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

IV Semester

OPERATING SYSTEMS			
Course Code:	21CS44	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS

CLO 2. Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources

CLO 3. Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands

CLO 4. Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. IntroduceTopics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.

Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot.

Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication

Textbook 1: Chapter - 1,2,3

reaction in chapter 1,2,5		
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning and problem solving	
	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6f	
	EyqRiVhbXDGLXDk OQAeuVcp20	
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2B69vCtjOU&list=PL3-	
	wYxbt4yCjpcfUDz-TgD_ainZ2K3MUZ&index=2	
Module-2		

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor

scheduling; Thread scheduling.

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 4,5

-··		
Teaching-Learning Process Active Learning and problem solving		
	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HW2Wcx-ktsc	
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YRxhlvt9Zo	
Module-3		

Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based on deadlock with animation		
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYgmmJJfdBg</u>		
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y14b7_T3AEw&list=PL		
	EJxKK7AcSEGPOCFtQTJhOElU44J_JAun&index=30		
	Madala A		

Module-4

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 9,10,11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about memory management and File system	
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJ6qrCB8pDw&list=PLI</u>	
	<u>Y8eNdw5tW-BxRY0yK3fYTYVqytw8qhp</u>	
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-orfFhvNBzY	
Module-5		

Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems.

Case Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 2,21

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about case studies
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TTBkc5eiju4</u>
	2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hkvMRGTzCM&list=P</u>
	LEAYkSg4uSQ2PAch478muxnoeTNz_QeUJ&index=36
	3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mX1FEur4VCw
Course Outcomes (Course Skill S	et)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Identify the structure of an operating system and its scheduling mechanism.

- CO 2. Demonstrate the allocation of resources for a process using scheduling algorithm.
- CO 3. Identify root causes of deadlock and provide the solution for deadlock elimination
- CO 4. Explore about the storage structures and learn about the Linux Operating system.
- CO 5. Analyze Storage Structures and Implement Customized Case study

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)**

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.

4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuV_cp20</u>

- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-
- tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE_f
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeR-n6mk0</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Role play for process scheduling.
- Present animation for Deadlock.
- Real world examples of memory management concepts

	РУТНО	N PROGRAMM	ING LABORATORY	Y		
Course Cod	le	21CSL46	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching H	Iours/Weeks (L: T: P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hour	s of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100		
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03		
	ırse Objectives:					
	emonstrate the use of IDLE of	-				
	ing Python programming la			ng real-world problems		
	plement the Object-Oriente					
-	praise the need for working	-		² DF, Word and Others		
	emonstrate regular expressi					
Note: two	hours tutorial is suggeste	<u>a for each labol</u> Prereqi				
• Stude	ents should be familiarized a	-		Python environment		
	e of IDLE or IDE like PyChar		-	y chon environmene		
obug	Python Installation: https:			F3oD19c		
	PyCharm Installation: http					
SI. No.	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		,	program and execute in the		
	Laboratory	-	-			
	-	on fundamental	s, data types, operato	ors, flow control and exception		
	handling in Python					
) XAX 11					
	a) Write a python program to find the best of two test average marks out of three test's					
	marks accepted from the user.					
		b) Develop a Python program to check whether a given number is palindrome or not and also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number.				
1	also count the number of occurrences of each digit in the input number.					
1	Datatypes: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCCVsvgR2KU					
	Operators: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v5MR5JnKcZI					
	Flow Control: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PqFKRqpHrjw					
	For loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0ZvaDa8eT5s					
	While loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARImviDxg					
	Exceptions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SPDvPK38tw					
	Aim: Demonstrating crea	ation of function	s, passing parameters	s and return values		
	a) Defined as a functio	n F as Fn = Fn-	1 + Fn-2 Write a Pvt	hon program which accepts a		
	a) Defined as a function F as Fn = Fn-1 + Fn-2. Write a Python program which accepts a value for N (where N >0) as input and pass this value to the function. Display suitable					
	error message if the condition for input value is not followed.					
	b) Develop a python program to convert binary to decimal, octal to hexadecimal using					
2	functions.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		
	Functions: https://www	.youtube.com/w	atch?v=BVfCWuca9n	W		
	Arguments: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ijXMGpoMkhQ					
	Return value: https://ww	ww.youtube.com	/watch?v=nuNXiEDn	M44		
	Aim: Demonstration of n	nanipulation of s	trings using string m	ethods		
a) Write a Python program that accepts a sentence and find the num		d the number of words, digits,				
	uppercase letters an	a lowercase lett	ers.			

	Original string:0Python Exercises1Python Exercises1Similarity between two said strings:21.00	Sample Output: Original string: Python Exercises Python Exercise Similarity between two said strings: 0.967741935483871
	Strings: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IS String functions: https://www.youtube.com/wa	
	Aim: Discuss different collections like list, tuple	and dictionary
	a) Write a python program to implement inseb) Write a program to convert roman number	
4	Lists: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eaz List methods: https://www.youtube.com/watch Tuples: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bo Tuple operations: https://www.youtube.com/w Dictionary: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v Dictionary methods: https://www.youtube.com/w	h?v=8-RDVWGktuI dS4dHIJGBc vatch?v=TItKabcTTQ4 v=4Q0pW8XBOkc
	Aim: Demonstration of pattern recognition with	n and without using regular expressions
5	using regular expression and also write the regular expression. b) Develop a python program that could see (+919900889977) and email addresses (see	
	Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.com	n/watch?v=LnzFnZfHLS4
6	file	ne from the user and perform the following of the word accepted from the user in the of a particular folder which contains several b7CxZgbU TQ0
7	Aim: Demonstration of the concepts of classes,	methods, objects and inheritance

r	T
	 a) By using the concept of inheritance write a python program to find the area of triangle, circle and rectangle. b) Write a python program by creating a class called Employee to store the details of Name, Employee_ID, Department and Salary, and implement a method to update salary of employees belonging to a given department.
	OOP's concepts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qiSCMNBIP2g Inheritance: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Cn7AkDb4pIU</u>
	Aim: Demonstration of classes and methods with polymorphism and overriding
8	a) Write a python program to find the whether the given input is palindrome or not (for both string and integer) using the concept of polymorphism and inheritance.
	Overriding: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CcTzTuIsoFk
	Aim: Demonstration of working with excel spreadsheets and web scraping
9	a) Write a python program to download the all XKCD comicsb) Demonstrate python program to read the data from the spreadsheet and write the data in to the spreadsheet
	Web scraping: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng2o98k983k
	Excel: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsKNPHJ9iPc
	Aim: Demonstration of working with PDF, word and JSON files
	a) Write a python program to combine select pages from many PDFsb) Write a python program to fetch current weather data from the JSON file
	PDFs: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q70xzDG6nls
10	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhQVD7Y1bsA
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FcrW-ESdY-A
	Word files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZU3cSl51jWE
	JSON files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9N6a-VLBa2I
Python (Fu	ll Course): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc
	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based
Pedagogy	learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
	statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student elop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate
Course Out	comes:
	nonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions.
	ntify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries.
	cover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system. erpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.

CO 4. Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python. CO 5. Determine the need for scraping websites and working with PDF, JSON and other file formats.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

- 1. Al Sweigart, **"Automate the Boring Stuff with Python"**,1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
- 2. Reema Thareja **"Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach**" Oxford University Press.
- 3. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist"**, 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

		WEB PROGR			
		(Practical			
Course		21CSL481	CIE Marks	50	
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
	lours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100	
Credits 01 Exam Hours 02					
	e Objectives:				
	. Learn Web tool box and hist	•	rs.		
	. Learn HTML, XHTML tags w				
CLO 3	. Know CSS with dynamic doc	ument utilizations			
CLO 4	. Learn JavaScript with Eleme	nt access in JavaSc	ript.		
CLO 5	. Logically plan and develop v	veb pages			
Teachi	ng-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)			
These a	are sample Strategies, which to	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course	
outcom	ies.				
1.	Lecturer method (L) need no	ot to be only a trad	itional lecture method,	but alternative effective	
	teaching methods could be a	-			
2.	Use of Video/Animation to e	-			
2. 3.	Encourage collaborative (Gr	. 0			
				which many stop oritical	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (High	er order Thinking	questions in the class,	which promotes critical	
_	thinking.				
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learn				
	thinking skills such as the ab	ility to design, eva	luate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather	
	than simply recall it.				
6.	6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
7.	Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage				
	the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
8	8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps				
improve the students' understanding.					
	improve the students under	Module	<u>1</u>		
Introd	wation to WED Drognomi			Web Comerce UDLe MIME	
	uction to WEB Programmin Security, The Web Programme		v, web Browsers, and	web servers, URLS, MIME,	
ппг,	Security, the web Flogramme	215 1001D0x.			
Textbo	ook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.9)				
		halk and board. A	tive Learning, practica	l based learning	
		Module	÷ .		
нтмі	and XHTML: Origins of HTM			HTML document structure	
Basic	text markup,		Hypertext Links		
Dasic	Frames in HTML and XHTML,	0			
	Traines in minimu and Annihili,	Syntactic unieren		TATTINL.	
Forms,	ook 1: Chanter 2(2.1 to 2.10)				
Forms, Textbo	ook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.10)		ctive Learning, Demon	stration, presentation.	
Forms, Textbo	ing-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning, Demon	stration, presentation,	
Forms, Textbo	ing-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A problem solving		stration, presentation,	
Forms, <u>Textbo</u> Teachi	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A problem solving Modul e	e-3		
Forms, Textbo Teachi CSS: In	troduction, Levels of style she	Chalk and board, A problem solving Modul ets, Style specifica	e-3 tion formats, Selector f	forms, Property value forms,	
Forms, Textbo Teachi CSS: In	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A problem solving Modul ets, Style specifica	e-3 tion formats, Selector f	orms, Property value forms,	
Forms, Textbo Teachi CSS: In Font pr	troduction, Levels of style she	Chalk and board, A problem solving Modul e ets, Style specifica r, Alignment of tex	e-3 tion formats, Selector f	forms, Property value forms,	
Forms, Textbo Teachi CSS: In Font pr Textbo	troduction, Levels of style she operties, List properties, Colo ook 1: Chapter 3(3.1 to 3.12)	Chalk and board, A problem solving Modul ets, Style specifica r, Alignment of tex	e-3 tion formats, Selector f t, Background images,	forms, Property value forms, tags.	
Forms, Textbo Teachi CSS: In Font pr Textbo	troduction, Levels of style she operties, List properties, Colo ook 1: Chapter 3(3.1 to 3.12)	Chalk and board, A problem solving Modul e ets, Style specifica r, Alignment of tex Chalk and board, E	e-3 tion formats, Selector f t, Background images, Demonstration, problem	forms, Property value forms, tags.	
Forms, Textbo Teachi CSS: In Font pr Textbo Teachi	troduction, Levels of style she operties, List properties, Colo ook 1: Chapter 3(3.1 to 3.12)	Chalk and board, A problem solving Module ets, Style specifica r, Alignment of tex Chalk and board, E Module	e-3 tion formats, Selector f t, Background images, Demonstration, problem e-4	forms, Property value forms, tags. n solving	

Operations, and expressions; Screen output and keyboard input.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.1 to 4.5)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Java Script – II: Control statements, Object creation and Modification; Arrays; Functions; Constructor; Pattern matching using expressions; Errors, Element access in JavaScript.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.6 to 4.14)

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the fundamentals of web and concept of HTML.
- CO 2. Use the concepts of HTML, XHTML to construct the web pages.
- CO 3. Interpret CSS for dynamic documents.
- CO 4. Evaluate different concepts of JavaScript & Construct dynamic documents.
- CO 5. Design a small project with JavaScript and XHTML.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Robert W Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books

- 1. M.Deitel, P.J.Deitel, A.B.Goldberg, "Internet & World Wide Web How to program", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2004.
- 2. Chris Bates, "Web Programming Building Internet Applications", 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2006.
- 3. Xue Bai et al, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming", Thomson, 2003.
- 4. Sklar, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Design Technologies", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Fundamentals of WEB Programming: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DR9dr6gxhDM</u>
- 2. HTML and XHTML: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A1XlIDDXgwg</u>
- 3. CSS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J35jug1uHzE</u>
- 4. Java Script and HTML Documents: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gd0RBdFRvF0</u>
- 5. Dynamic Documents with JavaScript: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTFSIJALNKc</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>http://www.tutorialspoint.com</u>
- 2. <u>http://www.w3schools.com</u>
- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
 - Demonstration of simple projects

CIE Marks	50		
	50		
SEE Marks	50		
Total Marks	100		
Exam Hours	01		
Course Objectives:			
	Total Marks		

CLO 1. To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology.

CLO 2. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system.

CLO 3. Understand UNIX command syntax and semantics.

CLO 4. Ability to read and understand specifications, scripts and programs.

CLO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX Process.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction of UNIX - Introduction, History, Architecture, Experience the Unix environment, Basic commands ls, cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty, sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.4), Chapter 2-2.1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning		
	Module-2		
UNIX File System- The file, what's in a filename? The parent-child relationship, pwd, the Home directory, absolute pathnames, using absolute pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir, rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX file system.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,		
	problem solving		
Module-3			
Basic File Attributes - Is – l, the –d option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 6			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving		
Module-4			
Introduction to the Shell Scripting - Introduction to Shell Scripting, Shell Scripts, read, Command Line			

Arguments, Exit Status of a Command, The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if, and case conditions, expr, sleep and wait, while, until, for, \$, @, redirection. The here document, set, trap, Sample Validation and Data Entry Scripts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 11,12,14

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Introduction to UNIX System process: Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9,19

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- CO 2. Evaluate the UNIX file system.
- CO 3. Apply Changes in file system.
- CO 4. Understand scripts and programs.
- CO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Unix Concepts & Applications 4rth Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill

References:

- 2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar
- 3. Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh Murthy.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDIyY</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Linux operating system Utilizations.

		R PROGRAM		
		(Practical b		
Course		21CSL483	CIE Marks	50
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
	ours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits		01	Exam Hours	02
	Objectives:	D and D Chudia int	ana atiwa ana ina na ant	
	Explore and understand how			
	 To learn and practice program Read Structured Data into R fi 			
	. Understand the different data			
	. To develop small applications			
	ng-Learning Process (Genera			
		,		
These a	are sample Strategies, which tea	chers can use to a	ccelerate the attainme	ent of the various course
outcom				
1.	Lecturer method (L) need not	to be only a tradit	tional lecture method.	but alternative effective
	teaching methods could be ad			
2.	Use of Video/Animation to ex	-		
	•	U U	•	
3.	Encourage collaborative (Gro		-	1.1.
4.	Ask at least three HOT (Highe	r order Thinking)	questions in the class,	, which promotes critical
	thinking.			
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learnin		-	
	thinking skills such as the abi	ity to design, eval	uate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather
	than simply recall it.			
6.				
7.				
	the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.			
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps				
0.	improve the students' unders			in that's possible, it helps
	improve the students unders	Module	1	
Numor	ia Anithmatia Assignment			motia Variablea Eurotiana
	ric, Arithmetic, Assignment, s, Expressions and assignments			metic, variables, Functions
Vectors	s, Expressions and assignments	Logical expressio	115.	
Textbo	ook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.7)			
		Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning, practi	cal based learning
	0 0	Module		0
Matric	es and Arrays: Defining a Ma			conditions and Looping: if
	ents, looping with for, looping v			in and here an
		,	F 8 6	
Textbo	ook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapter	3-3.2 to 3.5		
			Active Learning, Demo	nstration, presentation,
	1	problem solving	-	-
	1	Module	-3	
Lists a	nd Data Frames: Data Frames,			
LISIS di	nu pata manies. Data maines,	LISIS, SPECIAI VAIL	ics, the apply facilily.	
Textho	ook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4			
	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and hoard	Demonstration, proble	em solving
1 cucili	ing Leanning i Totess	Module	-	
F				
	ons: Calling functions, scoping	, Arguments mate	cning, writing functio	ns: The function command,
Argume	ents, specialized function.			
Terel				
I extbo	ook 1: Chapter 5- 5.1 to 5.6			

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's				
	Module-5				
Pointers: packages, frames, de bugging, manipulation of code, compilation of the code.					
Textbook 1: Chapter 8-8.1 to 8.8					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC				
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se At the end of the course the student					
	lamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises,				
CO 2. To demonstrations, and					
	mming language concepts such as data types, iteration,				
	structures, functions, and Boolean operators by writing R programs				
and through examples $CO.5$ To import a variety of c	lata formats into R using R-Studio				
	for in preparation for analyze.				
Assessment Details (both CIE and					
	,				
	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is or the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall				
	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course.				
	than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
(SEE).	and so / (to mand out of bo) in the semester chu chumilation				
Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):				
-	epared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above				
CIE marks for the practical course is					
The split-up of CIE marks for record	/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 .				
• Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up.					
Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by					
the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning					
-	of the practical session.				
will be evaluated for 10 marks.					
• Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).					
Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.					
• Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14 th week of the semester.					
 In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge 					
• In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.					
 The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. 					
• The suitable rubbles can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book					
	ed down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).				
The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is					
the total CIE marks scored by the stu					
Semester End Evaluation (SEE):					
• SEE marks for the practical	course is 50 Marks.				
-	intly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are				
appointed by the University					
	are to be included for practical examination. and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script				
	y the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation				
rubrics shall be decided join					
	stion (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal				

/external examiners jointly.

- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Jones, O., Maillardet. R. and Robinson, A. (2014). Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R. Chapman & Hall/CRC, The R Series.

References:

1. Michael J. Crawley, "Statistics: An Introduction using R", Second edition, Wiley, 2015

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Wickham, H. & Grolemund, G. (2018). for Data Science. O'Reilly: New York. Available for free at http://r4ds.had.co.nz

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPILER DESIGN			
Course Code	21CS51	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives

- CLO 1. Introduce the fundamental concepts of Automata Theory, Formal Languages and compiler design
- CLO 2. Principles Demonstrate Application of Automata Theory and Formal Languages in the field of compiler design
- CLO 3. Develop understanding of computation through Push Down Automata and Turing Machines
- CLO 4. Introduce activities carried out in different phases of Phases compiler
- CLO 5. Identify the undecidability problems.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Automata Theory: Central Concepts of Automata theory, Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA), Non- Deterministic Finite Automata(NFA) ,Epsilon- NFA, NFA to DFA Conversion, Minimization of DFA

Introduction to Compiler Design: Language Processors, Phases of Compilers

Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.5, Chapter2 – 2.2,2.3,2.5 Chapter4 –4.4 Textbook 2: Chapter1 – 1.1 and 1.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning	
Module-2		

Regular Expressions and Languages: Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Proving Languages Not to Be Regular

Lexical Analysis Phase of compiler Design: Role of Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering , Specification of Token, Recognition of Token.

Textbook 1: Chapter3 - 3.1, 3.2, Chapter4- 4.1

Textbook 2: Chapter3- 3.1 to 3.4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration		
5 5	Module-3		
Context Free Grammars: Definitio	on and designing CFGs, Derivations Using a Grammar, Parse Trees,		
Ambiguity and Elimination of Ambi	guity, Elimination of Left Recursion, Left Factoring.		
Syntax Analysis Phase of Compile	ers: part-1: Role of Parser, Top-Down Parsing		
Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1.1 to 5			
Textbook 2: Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration Module-4		
Buck Design Automate Definition			
Push Down Automata: Definition (of the Pushdown Automata, The Languages of a PDA.		
Syntax Analysis Phase of Compile Powerful LR parsers	ers: Part-2: Bottom-up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: SLR, More		
Textbook1: Chapter 6 - 6.1, 6.2			
Textbook2: Chapter 4 - 4.5, 4.6, 4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning		
	Module-5		
-	e: Problems that Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing machine,		
problems, Programming Technique	es for Turing Machine, Extensions to the Basic Turing Machine		
Undecidability : A language That Is Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That Is RE.			
	ntax Directed Translation- Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation ode Generation- Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code.		
Code Generation- Issues in the Des	sign of a Code Generator		
Textbook1: Chapter 8 - 8.1, 8.2,8	384 Chanter 9 - 9192		
Textbook1: Chapter 5 – 5.1, 5.2, Chapter 6- 6.1,6.2 Chapter 8- 8.1			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course the stude	ent will be able to:		
CO 1. Acquire fundamental under Computation	CO 1. Acquire fundamental understanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of		
_	analyzers, parsers and code generators		
CO 3. Design Grammars and Automata (recognizers) for different language classes and become			
knowledgeable about restricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative powers.			
-	rstanding of the structure of a Compiler and Apply concepts automata		
_	putation to design Compilers		
	els for problems in Automata theory and adaptation of such model in		
the field of compilers			
r			
Assessment Details (both CIE and	I SEE)		
-	nal Evoluation (CIE) is E00/ and for Somestor End Evom (SEE) is E00/		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination

(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 1. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 2. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

1. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman," Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Third Edition, Pearson.
- 2. Alfred V.Aho, Monica S.Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, " Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition, Perason.

Reference:

- 1. Elain Rich, "Automata, Computability and complexity", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. K.L.P Mishra, N Chandrashekaran , 3rd Edition , 'Theory of Computer Science'', PHI, 2012.
- 3. Peter Linz, "An introduction to Formal Languages and Automata ", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers,1998.
- 4. K Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", Oxford University Press 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106049/#
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104123/
- 3. https://www.jflap.org/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Group Activities, quizzes, Puzzles and presentations

		COMPUTER NET				
Course		21CS52	CIE Marks	50		
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy40T + 20PTotal Marks100						
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03		
CLO 1. CLO 2. CLO 3. CLO 4. Teachi These a outcom 1.	Lecturer method (L) need n teaching methods could be a	erfaces ical components and and remedies in the r ral Instructions) reachers can use to ac ot to be only tradition adopted to attain the	etworks. ccelerate the attainment o nal lecture method, but a outcomes.			
	2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.					
3. 4.	Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.					
5. 6. 7.	Adopt Problem Based Learn thinking skills such as the al than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifol Show the different ways to s	oility to design, evalu d representations.	ate, generalize, and analy	ze information rather		
8.	their own creative ways to s Discuss how every concept		real world - and when th	at's possible, it helps		
	improve the students' unde	rstanding.				
		Module-	1			
Textbo	al Layer: Guided transmission bok 1: Ch.1.2 to 1.4, Ch.2.2 to atory Component: Implement Three nodes por topologies. 1Set the queue so various iterations.	0 2.3 int – to – point netwo	ork with duplex links bet			
Teachi	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Pr	oblem based learning, De	emonstration		
	<u> </u>	Module-2	0			
protoco	ata link layer: Design issu ols, Sliding window protocols edium access control subla	ies of DLL, Error d	etection and correction	-		
Tarth -	al 1. Ch 2 1 to 2 4 Ch 4 4 -	nd 4 0				
	ook 1: Ch.3.1 to 3.4, Ch.4.1 a	nu 4.2				
<i>Labora</i> 1. 2.	<i>itory Component:</i> Implement simple ESS ar determine the throughput v Write a program for error d	vith respect to transn	nission of packets	AN by simulation and		

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-3
	ting Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, QoS.
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4	
nodes and find the numbe	of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 er of packets dropped due to congestion in the network. ne shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
The Transport Layer: The Trans internet transport protocols.	sport Service, Elements of transport protocols, Congestion control, The
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.4 and 6.	5.1 to 6.5.7
Laboratory Component:	
window for different sour	•
2. Write a program for cong Teaching-Learning Process	estion control using leaky bucket algorithm. Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Teaching-Lean hing Flocess	Module-5
Internet, DNS—The Internet's Dir Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.4	f Network Applications, The Web and HTTP, Electronic Mail in the ectory Service.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Course Outcomes (Course Skill S	Set)
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:
CO 1. Learn the basic needs of c	
CO 2. Interpret the communicat	tion challenges and its solution.
CO 3. Identify and organize the CO 4. Design communication ne	communication system network components
Assessment Details (both CIE an	
	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%
	he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En	d Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	s (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}	week of the semester
	he 10 th week of the semester
	e 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Mark	
4. First assignment at the en	
5. Second assignment at the	end of 9 th week of the semester
Practical Sessions need to be asse to 20 marks .	ssed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5th-Edition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)
- 2. Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach -James F. Kurose and Keith W. RossPearson Education 7th Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill,Indian Edition
- 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html</u>
- 2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
- 4. VTU e-Shikshana Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc.

Note: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java

	DAT	ABASE MANAG	EMENT SYSTEMS	
Course Code	5	21CS53	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1 CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 Teaching-L These are sa outcomes. 1. 2. 3.	rning Objectives Provide a strong founds 2. Practice SQL programm 3. Demonstrate the use of 4. Design and build databa cearning Process (Gener ample Strategies, which te Lecturer method (L) new effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT (1)	ning through a va concurrency and ase applications f al Instructions) eachers can use to ed not to be only ods could be adop to explain functi (Group Learning	riety of database proble I transactions in databas For real world problems. In accelerate the attainment a traditional lecture met oted to attain the outcom oning of various concep g) Learning in the class.	ms. se ent of the various course chod, but alternative nes. ts.
4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Le design thinking skills su information rather than Introduce Topics in man Show the different ways encourage the students Discuss how every conce helps improve the stude	earning (PBL), wh ch as the ability t simply recall it. ifold representat to solve the sam to come up with t ept can be applie	nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gene tions. e problem with differen their own creative ways d to the real world - and	alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
	neips improve the stude	nts understandi		
DBMS appro Overview o schema	bach, History of database of Database Languages a e and data independence,	applications. nd Architecture	e s: Data Models, Schema	
roles, and st	Data Modelling using E Tructural constraints, Wea 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to	ik entity types, El		Entity sets, attributes,
	earning Process		d, Active Learning, Prob	lem based learning
	6	Modu	×	0
	Model : Relational Mode	el Concepts, Rela	ational Model Constrain	nts and relational database ons.
	Algebra: Unary and Bina cc.) Examples of Queries in			ional operations (aggregate,
Manning Co	onceptual Design into a	Logical Design	: Relational Database D	esign using ER-to-Relational

mapping.

Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Module-3

SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database

Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop.

Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	

Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms

Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	

Module-5

Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.

Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems and *relate* the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression.
- CO 5. Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan's Database System Concepts 6th EditionTata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HI4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Demonstration of real time Database projects - E-commerce Platform, Inventory Management, Railway System, College Data Management, Library Data Management, Solution for Saving Student Records, Hospital Data Management, Blood Donation Management.

CLO 2. Becon CLO 3. Get to Teaching-Learning These are sample Sto outcomes. 1. Lecturer m methods m 2. Show Video 3. Encourage 4. Ask at least thinking. 5. Adopt Prot skills such 6. Topics will	eek (L:T:P: S) gogy bjectives historical perspe- ne familiar with ba know approaches g Process (Genera crategies, which te ethod (L) does not ay be adopted to o o/animation films collaborative (Gro three HOTS (High	21AI54 3:0:0:0 40 03 ctive of AI and its is a sic principles of A sof inference, percent and the sector and t	AI toward problem solving ception, Uncertain Knowle accelerate the attainment ional lecture method, but mes. ning of various concepts.	50 50 100 03
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-	k and board, Activ	ve Learning, Demo	nstration	
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Process				
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Informed Search S	trategies: Heuris	tic functions, Gree	dy best first search, A*sea	arch. Heuristic Functions
Logical Agents: Kn in Propositional Log		gents, The Wumpu	s world, Logic, Propositic	onal logic, Reasoning patterns
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Module-4 First Order Logic: Representation Revisited, Syntax and Semantics of First Order logic, Using First Order logic, Inference in First Order Logic :Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining Backward Chaining, Resolution Text book 1: Chapter 8- 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9- 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5 Teaching- Learning Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration Process Module-5 Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Ba Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wumt World Revisited Test Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 Teaching- Learning Chalk and board, Active Learning. Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications. CO 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques. CO 3. Develop knowledge base settences using propositional logic and first order logic. CO 3. Develop knowledge the sentences using propositional logic and first order logic. CO 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing. Kessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T <th>Process</th> <th></th>	Process		
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Process Module-5 Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Ba Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wump World Revisited Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 Teaching- Process Caurse Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications. C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques. C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing C0 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S (Semester End Examination) taken together Continuous Internal Evaluation: Three Unit Tests each	Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
Module-5 Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Ba Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wump World Revisited Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 Teaching- Learning Chalk and board, Active Learning. Process Chalk and board, Active Learning. Course Outcomes Course Outcomes At the end of the course the student will be able to: Co. C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications. CO 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques. C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic CO 4. Obst Det II between the application of probability in uncertain reasoning. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T Minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S (Semester End Examination) taken together Continuous Internal Evaluation: Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)	Learning		
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	 Secon Third 	nd test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester I test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester	
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours) OR Suitable Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be given the students to submit the same as laboratory work(for example; Implementation of concept learning, implementation of decision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc)	5. Secon Group discuss (duration 01 the students to	nd assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester sion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks hours) OR Suitable Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be given to to submit the same as laboratory work(for example; Implementation of concept learning,	
6. At the end of the 13 th week of the semester	6. At the	e end of the 13 th week of the semester	
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and			

will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig , Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2015 **Reference:**
 - 1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013
 - 2. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html
- 2. https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systems--ud409
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Role play for strategies – DFS & BFS, Reasoning and Uncertainty problems - reliability of sensor used to detect pedestrians using Bayes Rule , A teacher does not know exactly what a student understand etc.

D	ATABASE MANAGEMEN	FSYSTEMS LA	BORATORY WITH MI	NI PROJECT
Course Cod		21CSL55	CIE Marks	50
Teaching H	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hour	s of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03
Course Lear	rning Objectives:			
CLO 1. Fou	Indation knowledge in databa	ase concepts, tec	hnology and practice to g	room students into
wel	l-informed database applicat	tion developers.		
CLO 2. Stro	ong practice in SQL programn	ning through a va	ariety of database problem	ms.
CLO 3. Dev	elop database applications us	sing front-end to	ols and back-end DBMS	
Sl. No.	PART-A	: SQL Programm	ning (Max. Exam Marks	. 50)
	Design, develop, and impler Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Serv Create Schema and insert a constraints.	ver, or any other	DBMS under LINUX/Win	idows environment.
1	Aim: Demonstrating creation	of tables, applyir	ng the view concepts on the	e tables.
	copies in each Programme, e 2. Get the particulars of from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017. 3. Delete a book in BOOF data manipulation operation 4. Partition the BOOK ta with a simple query. 5. Create a view of all bo the Library. Reference: https://www.youtube.com/w	sher_Name, Pub Author_Name) s, Phone) ogramme_id, No- Programme_id, C ogramme_id, Pro books in the libra tc. borrowers who have table. Update the ble based on year oks and its numb	_Year) of_Copies) ard_No, Date_Out, Due_D ogramme_Name, Address ry – id, title, name of publi ave borrowed more than 3 e contents of other tables t of publication. Demonstra er of copies that are curren	s) sher, authors, number of books, but to reflect this ate its working
2	https://www.youtube.com/v Aim: Discuss the various con			
	Program: Consider the follow SALESMAN(Salesman_id, N. CUSTOMER(Customer_id, C ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase Write SQL queries to Count the customers with gra 2. Find the name and num 3. List all the salesman and (Use UNION operation.) 4. Create a view that finds 5. Demonstrate the DELET also be deleted.	ving schema for O ame, City, Comm Sust_Name, City, G _Amt, Ord_Date, ades above Banga bers of all salesma d indicate those w the salesman who	rder Database: ission) Grade, Salesman_id) Customer_id, Salesman_i lore's average. an who had more than one who have and don't have cu to has the customer with th	id) e customer. stomers in their cities e highest order of a day.
	Reference: https://www.youtube.com	n/watch?v=AA-KI	L <u>1jbMeY</u>	

	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7S_tz1z_5bA
3	Aim: Demonstrate the concepts of JOIN operations.
	Program: Consider the schema for Movie Database:
	ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender)
	DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)
	MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id)
	MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role)
	RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars) Write SQL queries to
	1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'.
	2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies.
	3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015(use JOIN
	operation).
	4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find
	the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by
	movie title.
	5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5.
	Reference:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hSiCUNVKJAo
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eod3aQkFz84
4	Aim: Introduce concepts of PLSQL and usage on the table.
т	Ann. Introduce concepts of r 1501 and usage on the table.
	Program: Consider the schema for College Database:
	STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender)
	SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)
	CLASS(USN, SSID)
	COURSE(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)
	IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)
	Write SQL queries to
	1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section.
	2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each
	section.
	3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all Courses.
	4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table
	for all students.
	5. Categorize students based on the following criterion: If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding'
	If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average'
	If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = 'Weak'
	Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students.
	Reference:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=horURQewW9c
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7-wKbKrAhk
5	Aim: Demonstrate the core concepts on table like nested and correlated nesting queries and also
	EXISTS and NOT EXISTS keywords.
	December Consider the scheme for Construction Databased
	Program: Consider the schema for Company Database:
	EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)
	DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)
	DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc) PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)
	WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)
	Write SQL queries to
	Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott'
	either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.
	ether as a worker of as a manager of the department that controls the project.

	Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent
1	raise.
	Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department
]	Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).
	For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and
	the number of its employees who are making more than Rs.6,00,000.
]	Reference:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dk8f3ejqKts
	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problembased learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
I	
	PART B
,	
	Mini project: For any problem selected, make sure that the application should have five or more
1	tables. Indicative areas include: Organization, health care, Ecommerce etc.
Course Outc	omes:
At the end of	the course the student will be able to:
CO 1 Creat	e, Update and query on the database.
00 11 01000	c) opulle und query on the ultubuser
	onstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.

Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).

Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.

Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.

In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with an equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B, the project group (Maximum of 4 students per batch) should demonstrate the mini-project.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 60% and for PART B is 40%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Suggested Weblinks/ E Resource

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/index.htm

ANGULAR JS AND NODE JS (Practical based)					
Course Code:	21CSL581	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total No. of Hours	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100		
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02		
Course Objectives: The stu	• =		01		
CLO 1. To learn the basics					
CLO 2. To understand the	-				
	- ·				
CLO 3. To implement Forms, inputs and Services CLO 4. To implement Directives and Databases					
•					
CLO 5. To understand bas					
Teaching-Learning Proce	ss (General Instruction	ons)			
These are sample Strategie outcomes.	s, which teachers can ι	ise to accelerate the attainmer	nt of the various course		
1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only	a traditional lecture method, b	out alternative effective		
teaching methods	could be adopted to at	tain the outcomes.			
 Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 					
 Bicourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 					
 Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical 					
-	thinking.				
-	5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather				
-		n, evaluate, generalize, and an	alyze information rather		
	than simply recall it.				
	6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
7. Show the different	7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different logic and encourage the				
students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.					
8. Discuss how every	concept can be applied	d to the real world - and when	that's possible, it helps		
improve the students' understanding.					
*		lodule-1			
Introduction To Angular Directives and Controllers.	JS : Introduction – Fea	tures – Angular JSModel-View	v-Controller – Expression -		
Teaching-Learning Proce	ss Chalk and boar	rd, Active Learning, practical b	ased learning		
Module-2					
	THT 11 11				
Handling with Forms – Nes	ted Forms with ng-for				
Teaching-Learning Proce	ss Chalk and boar	rd, Active Learning, practical b	based learning		
Module-3	hagag				
Directives& Building Data					
-		d Services – Angular JS Serv	ices – Internal Angular JS		
Services – Custom Angular	-				
Teaching-Learning Proce	ss Chalk and boar	rd, Active Learning, practical b	based learning		
Module-4					
Directives& Building Data	abases:				
Part-II- Directives – Alternatives to Custom Directives – Understanding the Basic options – Interacting					
with Server –HTTP Services – Building Database, Front End and BackEnd					
Teaching-Learning Proce	ss Chalk and boar	rd, Active Learning, practical b	based learning		
Module-5	•				
	Introduction -Usin	g the Terminals – Editors –E	Building a Webserver with		
Node – The HTTPModule –		-	-		

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the features of Angular JS.
- CO 2. Recognize the form validations and controls.
- CO 3. Implement Directives and Controllers.
- CO 4. Evaluate and create database for simple application.
- CO 5. Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Adam Freeman ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
- 2. ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green "AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 3. AgusKurniawan–"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014. **Reference Books**
 - 1. Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.
 - 2. Steve Hoberman, "Data Modeling for MongoDB", Technics Publication, First Edition, 2014..

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to Angular JS : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE</u>
- 2. Angular JS Modules : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWm0KmgnQkU</u>
- 3. Directives& Building Databases: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R_okHflzgm0</u>
- 4. Introduction to NODE .JS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8u1o-OmOeGQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7F1nLajs4Eo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7x7c-x90FU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

	C# AND .N	NET FRAMEWORK		
Course Code:	21CS582	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total No. of Hours	12	Total Marks	100	
	01	Exam Hours	01	
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Understand the basics of CLO 2. Learn the variables and CLO 3. Know the object-orienter CLO 4. Learn the basic structur CLO 5. Learn to create a simpler Teaching-Learning Process (G These are sample Strategies, who outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) new	constants of C# ed aspects and ap re of .NET framev project of .NET eneral Instruct ich teachers can	vork. Core ions)		
 Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT (thinking. Adopt Problem Based L thinking skills such as th than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in man Show the different ways the students to come up 	to explain funct e (Group Learnin Higher order Thi earning (PBL), w ne ability to desig nifold representa s to solve the sam with their own o ept can be applie	ioning of various concepts. g) Learning in the class. inking) questions in the class, w hich fosters students' Analytic gn, evaluate, generalize, and an	al skills, develop design halyze information rather hits/logic and encourage	
		Module-1		
Introduction to C# Part-I: Understanding C#, .NI Branching, Looping, Methods, in Teaching-Learning Process	ET, overview o	f C#, Variables, Data Types it casting.	, Operators, Expressions,	
		Module-2		
Part-II: Constants, Arrays, Arra and unboxing.			ture, Enumerations, boxing	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learnin			
Object Oriented Concepts-I: Class, Objects, Constructors a polymorphism.		Module-3 inheritance, properties, inde	exers, index overloading,	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learnin	ıg		
Module-4				
Object Oriented Concepts-II:				

Sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

Module-5

Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK:

Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, remoting, security in .NET, Environment Setup of .NET Core and create a small project.

Teaching-Learning Process Active learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform.
- CO 2. Describe the utilization of variables and constants of C#
- CO 3. Use the implementation of object-oriented aspects in applications.
- CO 4. Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core.
- CO 5. Evaluate and create a simple project application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbo	ooks
1.	Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference: C# 4.0", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
2.	Christian Nagel et al. "Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5", Wiley India, 2012.
Refere	nce Books
1.	Andrew Troelsen , "Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A Press, 2010.
2.	Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", Sixth Edition, O"Reilly, 2010.
Webli	nks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1.	Introduction to C# : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90</u>
2.	Object Oriented Concepts : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0</u>
3.	.NET FRAMEWORK : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE</u>
Tutori	al Link:
1.	https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/csharp
2.	https://www.w3schools.com/cs/index.php
3.	https://www.javatpoint.com/net-framework

Real world problem solving using group discussion.

	SOFTWARE	ENGINEERIN	G & PROJECT MANA	GEMENT
Course Cod		21CS61	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	s of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives	·	<u>.</u>	
CLO 2 CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 CLO 5 CLO 6 CLO 7 Teaching-L	 Outline software engineer programs. Identify ethical Software Engineers. Describe the process of r specification and require Infer the fundamentals o diagrams and apply designed. Explain the role of DevOp Discuss various types of a comparison of the importance Recognize the importance Identify software quality metrics. List software quality metrics. List software quality cearning Process (Genera) ample Strategies, which tead Lecturer method (L) need effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative (Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lead design thinking skills such 	al and profession equirement gat ements validation f object oriented gn patterns. ps in Agile Imple software testing parameters and ality standards I Instructions) achers can use to l not to be only a ls could be adop o explain function Group Learning igher order Thin arning (PBL), with a s the ability to	nal issues and explain whering, requirement classon. d concepts, differentiate ementation. g practices and software gement with its methods d quantify software using and outline the practices o accelerate the attainment of a traditional lecture metho toted to attain the outcom oning of various concept g) Learning in the class. nking) questions in the c	hy they are of concern to sification, requirement system models, use UML evolution processes. and methodologies. g measurements and s involved ent of the various course hod, but alternative es. ss. lass, which promotes alytical skills, develop
	information rather than s	-		
6.	Introduce Topics in manif		tions.	
7.	Show the different ways t	•		circuits/logic and
	encourage the students to			
8.	Discuss how every concep	-	-	
0.	helps improve the studen			
	nerps improve the studen	Modu	0	
engineering Models, Pro	on: The evolving role of g, A Process Framework, Process Technology, Product a l: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.3	software, Softw rocess Patterns	vare, The changing nati	
Process M	o dels : Prescriptive mode dels, Specialized process m		nodel, Incremental pro	cess models, Evolutionar

Textbook 1: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 to 2.7

Requirements Engineering: Requirements Engineering Task, Initiating the Requirements Engineering process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing use cases, Building the analysis model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements, Software Requirement Document **(Sec 4.2)**

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6, Textbook 5: Chapter 4: 4.2

Teaching-Learning Process					
i caening-near ning f 100033	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning				
	Module-2				
development? OO Themes; Eviden as Design technique: Modelling, Concept, Link and associations	pts and Class Modelling: What is Object orientation? What is OO ce for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, uction to RUP (Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams				
Textbook 2: Chapter 1,2,3					
	Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modeling sis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based odel.				
Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.8	3				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration				
0 0	Module-3				
	approach to Software Testing, Strategic Issues, Test Strategies for egies for Object -Oriented Software, Validation Testing, System Testing,				
Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1 to	13.7				
	efore Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,				
Self-Learning Section: What is DevOps?, DevOps Importance and Benefits, DevOps Principles and Practices, 7 C's of DevOps Lifecycle for Business Agility, DevOps and Continuous Testing, How to Choose Right DevOps Tools?,					
Challongoo with DowOne Implamon					
Challenges with DevOps Implement	ntation.				
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9	ntation.				
	ntation. Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration				
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9 Teaching-Learning Process	htation. Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4				
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9 Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Manager Introduction, Project and Importa by Software Project Managemen Software Projects, Stakeholders,	htation. Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4				
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9 Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Manager Introduction, Project and Importa by Software Project Managemen Software Projects, Stakeholders, Management and Management Cor Management Practices.	Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4 ment: nce of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered nt, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, ntrol, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project				
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9 Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Manager Introduction, Project and Importa by Software Project Managemen Software Projects, Stakeholders, Management and Management Cor	Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4 ment: nce of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered nt, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, ntrol, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project				
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9 Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Manager Introduction, Project and Importa by Software Project Managemen Software Projects, Stakeholders, Management and Management Cor Management Practices. Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.1	The formula of the fo				
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9 Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Manager Introduction, Project and Importa by Software Project Managemen Software Projects, Stakeholders, Management and Management Cor Management Practices. Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.1 Teaching-Learning Process Activity Planning: Objectives of Activity Planning, W	Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4 ment: nce of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered nt, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, ntrol, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project 7 Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-5 Zhen to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, vard Pass- Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float,				
Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9 Teaching-Learning Process Introduction to Project Manager Introduction, Project and Importa by Software Project Managemen Software Projects, Stakeholders, Management and Management Cor Management Practices. Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.1 Teaching-Learning Process Activity Planning: Objectives of Activity Planning, W Network Planning Models, Forw	Active Learning, Demonstration Module-4 ment: nce of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered nt, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, ntrol, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration Module-5 When to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, rard Pass- Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, ity on Arrow Networks.				

Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the activities involved in software engineering and analyze the role of various process models
- CO 2. Explain the basics of object-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling techniques
- CO 3. Describe various software testing methods and to understand the importance of agile methodology and DevOps
- CO 4. Illustrate the role of project planning and quality management in software development
- CO 5. Understand the importance of activity planning and different planning models

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
 - 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
 - 2. Second test at the end of the $10^{\rm th}$ week of the semester
 - 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill

Education, 2018.

- 4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley.
- 5. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

Reference:

1. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs68/preview</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFII</u>
- 3. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php</u>
- 4. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html</u>
- 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/</u> (DevOps)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Case study, Field visit

	DATA	SCIENCE AND ITS	SAPPLICATIONS		
Course	Code	21AD62	CIE Marks	50	
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100	
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03	
CI CI CI CI CI Teachi		gs visually nt by obtaining, clear ming models to solve n trees, neural netwo clustering shape ind cal Instructions) eacher can use to acc t mean only traditio opted to develop the	ning and transforming th e the business-related ch ork layers and data parti lividuals and groups in co relerate the attainment o nal lecture method, but o e outcomes.	ne data. nallenges tion. ontemporary society. f the various course	
	•	•	0		
3. 4.					
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.				
6.	Topics will be introduced in	a multiple represent	ation.		
7.	Show the different ways to so their own creative ways to so	olve the same proble		idents to come up with	
8.	Discuss how every concept c improve the students' under	an be applied to the	real world - and when th	at's possible, it helps	
Modula	e-1: Introduction				
Algebra Some Indeper The Nor	as Data Science? Visualizin a, Vectors, Matrices, Statistic Other Correlational Cavear Indence, Conditional Probabil Irmal Distribution, The Central rs 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6	c s, Describing a Sing ts, Correlation an ity, Bayes's Theorer	gle Set of Data, Correlat d Causation, Probabi	ion, Simpson's Paradox lity, Dependence and	
Labora	tory Component:				
1.	Installation of Python/R lang	guage, Visual Studio (code editors can be demo	onstrated along with	
2.	Kaggle data set usage. Write programs in Python			-	
3.	Community Edition or any or A study was conducted to up on their performance in the spent studying on x-axis and label the axes and give the pl	ther suitable enviror nderstand the effect final exams. Write d score in final exam	nment. of number of hours the a code to plot line char	students spent studying t with number of hours	

	Number	10	9	2	15	10	16	11	16	7
	of hrs spent studying (x)									
	Score in the final exam (0 - 100) (y)	95	80	10	50	45	98	38	93	
	-			-		•	nanini/mt per gallon		a histograr	n to
Teaching Learning Process		2. PPT	Presentat		eorems an		distributio vith simple	ons examples		
Using Nar Dimensio		s, Datacla luction.	-	-			-	-	oring Your I An Aside: to	
1. C (i a • h • F • C • T	bout book mport the 'ind and du change the 'idy up fiel	the ww.kaggl cs. Write a data into rop the co Index of lds in the	a program a DataFr olumns w the DataF data such	leyoyinten 1 to demor ame hich are ir Frame 1 as date of	hidayo/pul astrate the relevant fo	blication-o following. or the book on with the	informati	vhich conta on.	rom Ka ains informa ar expressio	
Teaching Learning Process		 PPT Live 	Presentat coding of	concepts	lore and m with simpl	anipulate e examples 1 Books da	5			
Modeling, Tradeoff, The Curse	3: Machin , What Is Feature E e of Dimen	e Learni Machine xtraction sionality	ng e Learnin and Sele , Naive B	ig?, Overfi ction, k-N ayes, A Re	itting and earest Ne eally Dumb	Underfitti i ghbors, T Spam Filt	ing, Corre he Model, er, A More	Example: ' Sophistica	e Bias-Varia The Iris Dat Ited Spam Fi ne Model, U	aset ilter

Gradient Descent, Maximum Likelihood Estimation, **Multiple Regression**, The Model, Further Assumptions of the Least Squares Model, Fitting the Model, Interpreting the Model, Goodness of Fit, Digression: The Bootstrap, Standard Errors of Regression Coefficients, Regularization, **Logistic Regression**, The Problem, The Logistic Function, Applying the Model, Goodness of Fit, Support Vector Machines.

Chapters 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Train a regularized logistic regression classifier on the iris dataset (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/ or the inbuilt iris dataset) using sklearn. Train the model with the following hyperparameter C = 1e4 and report the best classification accuracy.
- 2. Train an SVM classifier on the iris dataset using sklearn. Try different kernels and the associated hyperparameters. Train model with the following set of hyperparameters RBF-kernel, gamma=0.5, one-vs-rest classifier, no-feature-normalization. Also try C=0.01,1,10C=0.01,1,10. For the above set of hyperparameters, find the best classification accuracy along with total number of support vectors on the test data

Teaching-	1.	Demonstration of Models
Learning	2.	PPT Presentation for techniques
Process	3.	Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

Module-4: Decision Trees

What Is a Decision Tree?, Entropy, The Entropy of a Partition, Creating a Decision Tree, Putting It All Together, Random Forests, **Neural Networks**, Perceptrons, Feed-Forward Neural Networks, Backpropagation, Example: Fizz Buzz, **Deep Learning**, The Tensor, The Layer Abstraction, The Linear Layer, Neural Networks as a Sequence of Layers, Loss and Optimization, Example: XOR Revisited, Other Activation Functions, Example: Fizz Buzz Revisited, Softmaxes and Cross-Entropy, Dropout, Example: MNIST, Saving and Loading Models, **Clustering**, The Idea, The Model, Example: Meetups, Choosing k, Example: Clustering Colors, Bottom-Up Hierarchical Clustering **Chapters 17, 18, 19 and 20**

Laboratory Component:

1. Consider the following dataset. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm.

Price	Maintenance	Capacity	Airbag	Profitable
Low	Low	2	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Low	Low	4	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	No	No
Low	High	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Med	High	2	Yes	No
Med	High	5	No	Yes
High	Med	4	Yes	Yes
high	Med	2	Yes	Yes
High	High	2	Yes	No
high	High	5	yes	Yes

2. Consider the dataset spiral.txt (https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly). The first two columns in the dataset corresponds to the co-ordinates of each data point. The third column corresponds to the actual cluster label. Compute the rand index for the following methods:

	in include chaptering						
-	Single – link Hierarchical Clustering						
	lete link hierarchical clustering.						
	risualize the dataset and which algorithm will be able to recover the true clusters.						
Teaching-	 Demonstration using Python/ R Language PPT Presentation for decision tree, Neural Network, Deep learning and clustering 						
Learning Process							
Process	3. Live coding for the concepts with simple examples						
Modulo E. No	4. Project Work: Algorithm implementation Module-5: Natural Language Processing						
Vectors, Recu Betweenness Manual Curat Collaborative	Word Clouds, n-Gram Language Models, Grammars, An Aside: Gibbs Sampling, Topic Modeling, Word Vectors, Recurrent Neural Networks, Example: Using a Character-Level RNN, Network Analysis , Betweenness Centrality, Eigenvector Centrality, Directed Graphs and PageRank, Recommender Systems , Manual Curation, Recommending What's Popular, User-Based Collaborative Filtering, Item-Based Collaborative Filtering, Matrix Factorization.						
Chapters 21,							
Laboratory Co	-						
	Project – Simple web scrapping in social media						
Teaching-	1. Demonstration of models						
Learning	2. PPT Presentation for network analysis and Recommender systems						
Process	3. Live coding with simple examples						
Course outco	me (Course Skill Set)						
	he course the student will be able to:						
	fy and demonstrate data using visualization tools.						
	use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate						
data.							
	e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models.						
	nstrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering.						
	iment with social network analysis and make use of natural language processing skills to						
_	op data driven applications.						
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)							
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together							
Continuous Internal Evaluation:							
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)							
1. First t	1. First test at the end of 5 th week of the semester						
2. Secon	d test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester						
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester						
Two assignme	nts each of 10 Marks						
4. First a	assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester						
5. Secon	d assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester						

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch", 2ndEdition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-9352138326

Reference Books

- 1. Emily Robinson and Jacqueline Nolis, "Build a Career in Data Science", 1st Edition, Manning Publications, 2020. ISBN: 978-1617296246.
- AurélienGéron, "Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-1492032649.
- 3. François Chollet, "Deep Learning with Python", 1st Edition, Manning Publications, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-1617294433
- Jeremy Howard and Sylvain Gugger, "Deep Learning for Coders with fastai and PyTorch", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2020. ISBN-13: 978-1492045526
- Sebastian Raschka and Vahid Mirjalili, "Python Machine Learning: Machine Learning and Deep Learning with Python, scikit-learn, and TensorFlow 2", 3rd Edition, Packt Publishing Limited, 2019.ISBN-13: 978-1789955750

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Using Python : https://www.python.org
- 2. R Programming : https://www.r-project.org/
- 3. Python for Natural Language Processing : https://www.nltk.org/book/
- 4. Data set: <u>https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly</u>
- 5. Data set: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html
- 6. Data set : www.kaggle.com/ruiromanini/mtcars
- 7. Pycharm : <u>https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/</u>

8. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106179/

9. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106212/

10. http://nlp-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - Applying the machine learning techniques and developing models

		MACHINE I	LEARNING	
Course Code		21AI63	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours o	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learn CLO 1. Defin CLO 2. Differ CLO 3. Unde CLO 4. Unde CLO 5. Perfo Teaching-Lea These are san outcomes. 1. I 2. U 3. H 4. A t 5. A t t 5. A	rentiate supervised, unsu rstand the basic concept rstand Bayesian techniq orm statistical analysis of arning Process (Genera hple Strategies, which tea Lecturer method (L) need teaching methods could b Jse of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative (Ask at least three HOT (H hinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea thinking skills such as the han simply recall it.	understand the ba opervised and rein s of learning and ues for problems <u>machine learning</u> I Instructions) acher can use to a ds not to be only to be adopted to atta to explain function (Group Learning) igher order Thinl arning (PBL), whi e ability to design, fold representation	asic theory underlying ma aforcement learning decision trees. appear in machine learning techniques. ccelerate the attainment raditional lecture method in the outcomes. ning of various concepts. Learning in the class. king) questions in the class. king) questions in the class. ch fosters students' Analy evaluate, generalize, and	achine learning. ing of the various course d, but alternative effective ss, which promotes critical ytical skills, develop design d analyse information rather
	-		-	ircuits/logic and encourage
8. I		pt can be applied	eative ways to solve them to the real world - and w	ı. hen that's possible, it helps
		Modu	ıle-1	
Concept lear Concept Lear bias. Text book 2: Teaching-	ning Landscape: what is M rning and Learning H	Problems – Desi baces and Candida :Chapter 1 and	ate Elimination Algorithr	f ML s, Perspectives and Issues – n –Remarks on VS- Inductive
Learning Process				
		Modu	ıle-2	
Discover and Classification	visualize the data, Prepa	re the data, select inary classifier, p	and train the model, Fin- performance measure, m	he big picture, Get the data, e tune your model. nulticlass classification, error
Text book 2.	Chapter 2, Chapter 3			
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and board, Activ	e Learning		
Learning				

Process							
	Module-3						
_	lels: Linear regression, gradient descent, polynomial regression, learning curves, regularized logistic regression						
Support Vect	Support Vector Machine: linear, Nonlinear, SVM regression and under the hood						
Text book 2:	Chapter 4, Chapter 5						
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration						
Learning							
Process							
	Module-4						
	es Training and Visualizing DT, making prediction, estimating class, the CART training, l complexity, GINI impurity, Entropy, regularization Hyper parameters, Regression, instability						
Ensemble lea forests, Boosti	rning and Random Forest : Voting classifiers, Bagging and pasting, Random patches, Random ng, stacking						
Text book 2:	Chapter 6, Chapter 7						
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning						
Learning							
Process							
	Module-5						
	em – Concept Learning – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Description Length Principle – Bayes ifier – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Classifier– example-Bayesian Belief Network – EM Chapter 6						
Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC						
Learning							
Process							
Course Outco	mes						
	he course the student will be able to:						
	rstand the concept of Machine Learning and Concept Learning.						
	the concept of ML and various classification methods in a project. se various training models in ML and the SVM algorithm to be implemented.						
	the ML concept in a decision tree structure and implementation of Ensemble learning and						
	om Forest.						
	Bayes techniques and explore more about the classification in ML.						
Assessment I	Details (both CIE and SEE)						
The weightage	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The						
	minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to						
-	have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the						
	student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a						
minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE							
	(Semester End Examination) taken together.						
Continuous I	Continuous Internal Evaluation:						
Three Unit Te	sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)						
1. First t	test at the end of 5 th week of the semester						
	d test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester						
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester						

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
- 2. Aurelien Geron, Hands-on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn & TensorFlow, O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd 2019

Reference:

- 1. Ethem Alpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2nd Ed., 2013
- 2. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer, 1st edition, 2001
- 3. Machine Learning using Python, Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley, 2019
- 4. Machine Learning, Saikat Dutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das, Pearson, 2020 Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
 - 1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaIiy295pg6_SY5qznc77
 - 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106139/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE				
Course Code	21AI641	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the Decision Support systems and Business Intelligence framework.

- CLO 2. Illustrate the significance of computerized Decision Support, and understand the mathematical modeling behind decision support.
- CLO 3. Explain Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.
- CLO 4. Explore knowledge management; explain its activities, approaches and its implementation.
- CLO 5. Describe the Expert systems , areas suitable for application of experts system

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Decision Support and Business Intelligence: Opening Vignette, Changing Business Environments and Computerized Decision Support, Managerial Decision Making, Computerized Support for Decision Making, An Early Framework for Computerized Decision Support, The Concept of Decision Support Systems (DSS), A framework for Business Intelligence (BI), A Work System View of Decision Support.

Text Book 1: Chapter 1

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	

Module-2

Computerized Decision Support: Decision Making, Models, Phases of the Decision-Making Process, The Intelligence Phase, The Design Phase, The Choice Phase, The Implementation Phase, How Decisions Are Supported.

Modeling and Analysis: Structure of Mathematical Models for Decision Support, Certainty, Uncertainty, and Risk, Management Support Systems, Multiple Goals, Sensitivity Analysis, What-If Analysis, and Goal

Seeking.	
Text Book 1:	Chapter 2
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-3
	Dusing: Data Warehousing Definitions and Concepts, Data Warehousing Process Overview, using Architectures, Data Integration and the Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL)
Text Book 1:	Chapter 5
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
Transformatio	Management: Introduction to Knowledge Management, Organizational Learning and on, Knowledge Management Activities, Approaches to Knowledge Management, Information T) In Knowledge Management, Knowledge Management Systems Implementation.
Text Book 1:	
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
	wledge Engineering, Problem Areas Suitable for Expert Systems, Development of Expert efits, Limitations, and Critical Success Factors of Expert Systems. Chapter 12
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
Course outco	ome (Course Skill Set)
	the course the student will be able to:
Intell	y the basics of data and business to understand Decision Support systems and Business igence framework.
Unde	ribe the significance of Computerized Decision Support, apply the basics of mathematics to rstand the mathematical modeling behind decision support.
CO 3. Expla Proce	in Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL)
	rze the importance of knowledge management and explain its activities, approaches and Its ementation
CO 5. Desci	ribe the Expert systems and analyze its development, discuss areas suitable for application perts system.
Assessment	Details (both CIE and SEE)
The weightag The minimun deemed to ha	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. n passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be ave satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination

(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal

Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Book

1. Business Intelligence, A managerial Perspective on Analytics. Sharda, R, Delen D, Turban E.Pearson. 2014

Reference Books

- 1. Data Mining Techniques. For Marketing, Sales and Customer Relationship Management Berry M.&Linoff G. Wiley Publishing Inc 2004
- 2. Data Science for Business, Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, O'Reilly Media, Inc2013

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3DTFmMNiGlg
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hg8zBJ1DhLQ

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	AD	VANCED JAVA	PROGRAMMING	
Course Code	9	21CS642	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
CLO 1	. Understanding the fund	damental concept	s of Enumerations and A	Annotations
	2. Apply the concepts of C			
	8. Demonstrate the funda			
CLO 4	. Design and develop we	b applications us	ing Java servlets and JS	Р
CLO 5	5. Apply database interac	tion through Java	database Connectivity	
Teaching-L	earning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
These are sa	ample Strategies, which to	eachers can use to	o accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.				
1.	Lecturer method (L) ne	ad not to be only ?	n traditional lecture met	hod but alternative
1.	effective teaching method			
2	Use of Video/Animation	-		
2.	,	•	0	15.
3.	Encourage collaborative		-	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thi	nking) questions in the c	class, which promotes
	critical thinking.			
5.	Adopt Problem Based L	0.0		
	design thinking skills su	-	o design, evaluate, gene	ralize, and analyze
	information rather than			
6.	Introduce Topics in mar	nifold representat	ions.	
7.	Show the different ways	s to solve the same	e program	
8.	Discuss how every conc	ept can be applied	d to the real world - and	when that's possible, it
	helps improve the stude	ents' understandii	ng.	
		Modu	le-1	
Enumerati	ons, Autoboxing and An	notations:		
	ns, Ednumeration funda enumerations inherits Er			nods, Java enumerations are z. Autoboxing methods.
				ean and character values,
	/Unboxing helps prevent			
Annatations	Annotation hasing and	ifring veterier	naliau abtaining annat	ations at mus time her use of
				ations at run time by use of nnotations, Single member
	, Built in annotations	flace, Using dela	ault values, Marker Al	iniotations, single member
	: Chapter12	halls and hard h	Online domester t	
Teaching-L	earning Process (Online demonstration, I	Problem based learning
<u> </u>		Modu		
		•		with Two Type Parameters,
				ments, Bounded Wildcards,
-	ibiguity errors, Some Gen		types and Legacy code	, Generic Class Hierarchies,
Li asui C, All	iorgancy criters, some del			
	: Chapter 14			
Teaching-L	earning Process (Online Demonstration	
		Modu	le-3	
String Han	dling: The String Constru	ictors, String Len	gth, Special String Opera	ations, Character Extraction,

String Comparison, Searching Stri case of characters within a String,	ings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the String Buffer, String Builder
Textbook 1: Chapter 15	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
0	Module-4
Reading servlet parameter; the jay Cookies; Session Tracking, Java S	vlet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package vax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control , Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects
Textbook 1: Chapter 31 Textbook 2: Chapter 11	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
	Module-5
Connection; Associating the JDI Transaction Processing; Metadata	Types; JDBC packages; A brief overview of the JDBC Process; Database BC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; , Data Types; Exceptions.
Textbook 2: Chapter 6	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stude	
CO 2. Apply the concepts of Ger	mental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations
CO 3. Demonstrate the concepts	
	cations using Java servlets and JSP
	ction and transaction processing in Java
Assessment Details (both CIE ar	
The weightage of Continuous Inte The minimum passing mark for t deemed to have satisfied the aca	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	s (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}	
2. Second test at the end of t	the 10 th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of th	e 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Marl	۲S
4. First assignment at the en	nd of 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at the	end of 9 th week of the semester
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz a	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20
Marks (duration 01 hours)	
6. At the end of the 13^{th} wee	k of the semester
The sum of three tests, two assign	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 m a	arks
	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE methods /question paper h	as to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per the outcome defined for t	the course.
Semester End Examination:	

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

Reference Books:

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007. **Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Programming exercises

NAT	URAL LANGUA	GE PROCESSING	
Course Code	21AI643	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Analyse the natural lan	guage text.		
CLO 2. Define the importance	of natural languag	ge.	
CLO 3. Understand the concep			
CLO 4. Illustrate information r		es.	
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which to	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) nee	ed not to be only a	traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
effective teaching metho	-		
2. Use of Video/Animation	•		
3. Encourage collaborative	•	•	
4. Ask at least three HOT (, 0	lass which promotes
critical thinking.		iking) questions in the c	liass, which promotes
U	opping (DDI) wh	ich factore students' An	alutical divilla davialan
5. Adopt Problem Based Lo			•
design thinking skills su	-	o design, evaluate, gene	ralize, and analyze
information rather than			
6. Introduce Topics in mar	-		
7. Show the different ways			
8. Discuss how every conc			when that's possible, it
helps improve the stude			
	Modu		
Overview and language modeling			
Processing Indian Languages- NLP Grammar- based Language Models-S			anguage Modeling: Variou
Granniar- based Language Models-5	tatistical Languag	e Model.	
Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board,	Online demonstration,	Problem based learning
· · · · · ·	Modu	le-2	
Word level and syntactic analysis	: Word Level An	alysis: Regular Express	ions-Finite-State Automata
Morphological Parsing-Spelling Erro			
Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-	free Grammar-Co	nstituency- Parsing-Pro	babilistic Parsing.
Touthook 1. Ch 2.4			
Textbook 1: Ch. 3,4			
Teaching-Learning Process		Online Demonstration	
	Modu	le-3	
Extracting Relations from Text: Fr			
Introduction, Subsequence Kernels Extraction and Experimental Evaluat		traction, A Dependenc	y-Path Kernel for Relatio
Mining Diagnostic Text Reports b Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, F			
Cases with Knowledge Roles and Eva	luations		

A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search: InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience.

Textbook 2: Ch. 3,4,5

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-4

Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models: Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems,

Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures: Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments.

Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite-State Sequence Modeling: Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results.

Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining: Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective Text Mining.

Textbook 2: Ch. 6,7,8,9

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

 Module-5

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES: Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora.

Textbook 1: Ch. 9,12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
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Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyse the natural language text.
- CO 2. Define the importance of natural language.
- CO 3. Understand the concepts Text mining.
- CO 4. Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

Reference Books:

- 1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
- 3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

COMPUTER GRAPH	ICS AND FUNDAM	ENTALS OF IMAGE PROC	CESSING
Course Code	21AI644	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Overview of Computer Grap CLO 2. Exploring 2D and 3D graph CLO 3. Use of Computer graphics p CLO 4. Introduction to Image proc CLO 5. Image segmentation using Teaching-Learning Process (General	ics mathematics al rinciples for anima essing and Open C Open CV.	ong with OpenGL API's. ation and design of GUI's .	
These are sample Strategies, which	teacher can use to	accelerate the attainment	of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) need r	ot to be only tradi	tional lecture method, but	alternative effective
teaching methods could be	adopted to attain t	he outcomes.	
2. Use of Video/Animation to	explain functioning	g of various concepts.	
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.			

- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. IntroduceTopicsin manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Overview:Computer Graphics hardware and software and OpenGL: Computer Graphics: Video Display Devices, Raster-Scan Systems Basics of computer graphics, Application of Computer Graphics.OpenGL: Introduction to OpenGL,coordinate reference frames, specifying two-dimensional world coordinate reference frames in OpenGL, OpenGL point functions, OpenGL line functions, point attributes, line attributes, curve attributes, OpenGL point attribute functions, OpenGL line attribute functions, Line drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenham's).

Textbook 1: Chapter -1,2,3, 5(1 and 2 only)

Self-study topics : Input devices, hard copy devices, coordinate representation, graphics functions, fill area primitives, polygon fill areas, pixel arrays, Parallel Line algorithms

Teaching-	Chalk&board,Active Learning	
Learning	Virtual Lab	
Process		
Module-2		

2D and 3D graphics with OpenGL: 2D Geometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, 2D Composite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations, function,

3D Geometric Transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions

Textbook 1: Chapter -6, 8

Self-study topics: Transformation between 2D coordinate system, OpenGL geometric-transformation, Transformation between 3D coordinate system.

Teaching-	Chalk & board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	Virtual Lab:
Process	

Module-3

Interactive Input Methods and Graphical User Interfaces: Graphical Input Data ,Logical Classification of Input Devices, Input Functions for Graphical Data , Interactive Picture-ConstructionTechniques, Virtual-Reality Environments, OpenGL Interactive Input-DeviceFunctions, OpenGL Menu Functions, Designing a Graphical User Interface.

Computer Animation :Design of Animation Sequences, Traditional Animation Techniques, General Computer-AnimationFunctions, Computer-Animation Languages, Character Animation, Periodic Motions, OpenGL Animation Procedures.

Textbook 1: Chapter -11, 18

Self-study topics: Raster methods for computer animation, Key frame systems, Motion specification.

Teaching-	Chalk & board, MOOC, Active Learning
Learning	
Process	

Module-4

Introduction to Image processing: overview, Nature of IP, IP and its related fields, Digital Image representation, types of images.

Digital Image Processing Operations: Basic relationships and distance metrics, Classification of Image processing Operations.

Text book 2: Chapter 3

(Below topics is for experiential learning only, No questions in SEE)

Computer vision and OpenCV: What is computer vision, Evolution of computer vision, Application of Computer vision, Feature of OpenCV, OpenCV library modules, OpenCV environment, Reading, writing and storing images using OpenCV. OpenCV drawing Functions. OpenCV Geometric Transformations.

<u>(Note : Computer vision and OpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based</u> <u>Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)</u>

Web Source:	Web Source: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/		
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning		
Learning	Lab practice for OpenCV for basic geometric objects and basic image operation		
Process			

Module-5

Image Segmentation: Introduction, classification, detection of discontinuities, Edge detection (up to canny edge detection(included)).

Text Book 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.4.4.4

(Below topics is for experiential learning only, No questions in SEE) Image processing with Open CV: Resizing, Rotation/Flipping, Blending, Creating region of Interest (ROI), Image Thresholding, Image Blurring and smoothing, Edge Detection, Image contours and Face Detection on images using OpenCV.

(Note :Image Processing withOpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based

Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)

Web source: <u>https://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/introduction-to-computer-vision-opencv-in-python-fb722e805e8b</u>

Teaching- Chalk & board, MOOC

Learning	Lab practice on image processing.
Process	Virtual Lab:

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Construct geometric objects using Computer Graphics principles and OpenGL APIs.
- CO 2. Use OpenGL APIs and related mathematics for 2D and 3D geometric Operations on the objects.
- CO 3. Design GUI with necessary techniques required to animate the created objects
- CO 4. Apply OpenCV for developing Image processing applications.
- CO 5. Apply Image segmentation techniques along with programming, using OpenCV, for developing simple applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 3. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 4. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Donald D Hearn, M Pauline Baker and Warren Carithers: Computer Graphics with OpenGL 4th Edition, Pearson, 2014
- 2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, second edition, Oxford University press 2016.

Reference Books

- **1.** Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5th edition. Pearson Education, 2008
- **2.** James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: Pearson education

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/</u>
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102063/
- 3. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103224/</u>
- 4. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102065/</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/</u> (Tutorial, Types of Images, Drawing Functions)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Mini project on computer graphics using Open GL/Python/Open CV.

ΙΝΤΡΛ	DUCTION TO D	ATA STRUCTURES	
Course Code	21CS651	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Introduce elementary d	ata structures		
CLO 2. Analyze Linear Data Str		ieues Lists	
CLO 3. Analyze Non Linear Dat			
CLO 4. Assess appropriate data			/Problem Solving.
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	-	program development,	i i obielli boivilig.
Touching Louining Trocoss (denot	ar moti actionoj		
These are sample Strategies, which te	achers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) nee	d not to be only a	traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative
effective teaching metho			
2. Use of Video/Animation			S.
3. Encourage collaborative			
4. Ask at least three HOT (I	ligher order Thin	king) questions in the c	lass, which promotes
critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Le	orning (DDI) wh	ich factors students' An	alutical skills, douglop
design thinking skills su			
information rather than		i ucsigii, evaluate, gener	anze, and analyze
6. Introduce Topics in man		ons.	
7. Show the different ways			circuits/logic and
encourage the students t			
Discuss how every concept can be app	plied to the real w	orld - and when that's p	oossible, it helps improve
the students' understanding.			
	Modul	e-1	
Introduction:			
Introduction to arrays: one-dimensio	nal arrays, two di	mensional arrays, initia	lizing two dimensional
arrays, Multidimensional arrays.			
Introduction to Pointers: Pointer cond	cepts, accessing v	ariables through pointe	rs, Dynamic memory
allocation, pointers applications.			
Introduction to structures and unions		ures, Giving values to m	iembers, structure
· · · · 1· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
initialization, arrays of structures, neg	sted structure, un	ions, size of structures.	
		ions, size of structures.	
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12	2.3 to 12.19	ions, size of structures.	
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12 Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2	2.3 to 12.19		
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12 Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98	ive Learning	
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12 Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul	ive Learning	
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2Teaching-Learning ProcessChar	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues:	ive Learning e-2	ementation, Applications of
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15, Ch 12Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.13, 2.51, 2Teaching-Learning ProcessChaLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation inStack. Introduction, Queues-Basic co	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: 1 Memory, Stack ncept, Logical rep	ive Learning e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15, Ch 12Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.13, 2.51, 2Teaching-Learning ProcessChaLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation in	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: 1 Memory, Stack ncept, Logical rep	ive Learning e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2Teaching-Learning ProcessChaLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation inStack. Introduction, Queues-Basic cotypes, Queue Implementation, Applica	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: a Memory, Stack ncept, Logical rep ations of Queue.	ive Learning e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2Teaching-Learning ProcessChaLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation in Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic co types, Queue Implementation, ApplicaTextbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14, Ch 8.	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: a Memory, Stack acept, Logical rep ations of Queue. .1,8.2	ive Learning e-2 Operations, Stack Imple	, Queue Operations and its
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2Teaching-Learning ProcessChaLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation in Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic co types, Queue Implementation, ApplicaTextbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14, Ch 8.	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: a Memory, Stack acept, Logical rep ations of Queue. .1,8.2	ive Learning e-2 Operations, Stack Implo presentation of Queues ive Learning, Problem F	, Queue Operations and its
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2Teaching-Learning ProcessChaLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation inStack. Introduction, Queues-Basic cotypes, Queue Implementation, ApplicaTextbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14, Ch 8.	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: a Memory, Stack ncept, Logical rep ations of Queue. 1,8.2 alk and board, Act Modul	ive Learning e-2 Operations, Stack Implo presentation of Queues ive Learning, Problem F	, Queue Operations and its
Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to2.13,2.51,2Teaching-Learning ProcessCharLinear Data Structures-Stacks andIntroduction, Stack representation inStack. Introduction, Queues-Basic cotypes, Queue Implementation, ApplicaTextbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14, Ch 8Teaching-Learning ProcessChar	2.3 to 12.19 2.80 to 2.98 alk and board, Act Modul queues: a Memory, Stack ncept, Logical rep ations of Queue. .1,8.2 alk and board, Act Modul	ive Learning e-2 Operations, Stack Implo presentation of Queues ive Learning, Problem E e-3	, Queue Operations and its Based Learning

Textbook 1: Ch 15.1 ,15.3,15.4 Textbook 2: Ch 9.2.9.5	4,15.8		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning		
	Module-4		
Non Linear Data Structures -	Trees		
Introduction, Basic concept, Binary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal			
Binary Search tree, Expression			
Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2			
Textbook2:Ch 10.1,10.2,10.4,			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning, Problem based learning		
	Module-5		
Sorting and Searching			
0	ort, Selection sort, Insertion sort		
Searching: Introduction, Linear	search, Binary search.		
Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17			
Textbook2: Ch 11.1.,11.2,11.3			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course the stue			
	als of static and dynamic data structure.		
	types of data structure with their operations.		
CO 3. Interpret various searc			
	ta structure in problem solving.		
Assessment Details (both CIE	ares in a high level language for problem solving.		
-	-		
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%			
1 0	r the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject			
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna		
, (End Examination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Ma	. ,		
1. First test at the end of S	^{5th} week of the semester		
2. Second test at the end of	of the 10 th week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of	the 15 th week of the semester		
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	arks		
4. First assignment at the	end of 4 th week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester			
_	z any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20		
Marks (duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the 13 th w	reek of the semester		
	gnments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be scaled down to 50			
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).			
	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy		
as per the outcome defined for	n me course.		
Semester End Examination:			
Theory SEE will be conducted	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question		

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4th Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill
- 2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications.

References

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl_49i0</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=x7t -ULoAZM</u>
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBw0zceo</u>
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Demonstration of projects developed using Linear/Non-linear data structures

INTRODUCTIO	N TO DATABA	SE MANAGEMENT SYST	ГЕМЅ
Course Code	21CS652	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
teaching methods could bUse of Video/Animation tEncourage collaborative	al database desig and construct q ssues of transact al Instructions) achers can use to d not be only a tr be adopted to att co explain the fu (Group Learning	gn principles. Jueries using SQL. tion processing and com- paccelerate the attainme raditional lecture metho train the outcomes. Inctioning of various con g) Learning in the class.	currency control. ent of the various course d, but alternative effective cepts.
 Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills suc information rather than s Introduce Topics in mani Show the different ways t encourage the students to Discuss how every concept helps improve the student 	arning (PBL), wh h as the ability t simply recall it. fold representat to solve the sam to come up with t pt can be applied	nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener tions. e problem with differen their own creative ways d to the real world - and	alytical skills, develops ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
• •	Modu		
Introduction to Databases: Introduc DBMS approach, History of database a		stics of database approa	ch, Advantages of using the
Overview of Database Languages and schema architecture and data independence, d environment. Conceptual Data Modelling using En- roles, and structural constraints, Weal	latabase languag Itities and Rela c entity types, El	ges, and interfaces, The I tionships: Entity types,	Database System
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2			
Teaching-Learning Process Cha		tive Learning, Problem l	based learning
	Modu		
Relational Model : Relational Mode schemas, Update operations, transacti			
Relational Algebra: Relational algebra Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Ope of Queries in relational algebra.		x <i>y</i>	
Mapping Conceptual Design into a mapping.	Logical Design:	Relational Database Do	esign using ER-to-Relational
Textbook 1:,ch5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8	.5, 9.1;		

	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration			
Teaching-Learning Process	Module-3			
SOL SOL data definition and da	ta types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT,			
	ts in SQL, Additional features of SQL.			
Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints asassertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL.Database				
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 t	o 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
Module-4				
Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.				
Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 1				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning			
	Module-5			
Transaction management and Concurrency –Control Transaction management: ACID properties, serializability and concurrency control, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping methods, optimistic methods, database recovery management.Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes				
At the end of the course the student will be able to:				
At the end of the course the stud	ent will be able to:			
CO 1. Identify, analyze and de	ent will be able to: fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using			
CO 1. Identify, analyze and de RDBMS	fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation.			
CO 1. Identify, analyze and de RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La	fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation. e database systems			
 CO 1. Identify, analyze and de RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to i Assessment Details (both CIE a) 	fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation. e database systems nteract with databases. and SEE)			
 CO 1. Identify, analyze and de RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to i Assessment Details (both CIE a) The weightage of Continuous In The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the a course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40% 	fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation. e database systems interact with databases. and SEE) ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal End Examination) taken together			
 CO 1. Identify, analyze and de RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to i Assessment Details (both CIE a The weightage of Continuous In The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the a course if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester I 	fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation. e database systems interact with databases. and SEE) ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. • the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal End Examination) taken together n:			
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 CO 1. Identify, analyze and de RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to i Assessment Details (both CIE a The weightage of Continuous In The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the a course if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester I Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 2. Second test at the end of 5 	fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation. e database systems interact with databases. and SEE) ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal End Examination) taken together in: the duration 01 hour) the week of the semester			
 CO 1. Identify, analyze and de RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to i Assessment Details (both CIE a The weightage of Continuous In The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the a course if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester I Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 2. Second test at the end of 5 	fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation. e database systems interact with databases. and SEE) ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ of less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal End Examination) taken together in: ks (duration 01 hour) th week of the semester f the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester			
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The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow3041</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Developing and demonstration of models / projects based on DBMS application

INTR	ODUCTION TO	CYBER SECURITY	
Course Code	21CS653	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. To familiarize cybercrin			
CLO 2. Understanding cybercri		d wireless devices along	g with the tools for
Cybercrime and preven			
CLO 3. Understand the motive			
CLO 4. Understanding criminal		ce, detection standing cr	iminal case and evidence.
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
 These are sample Strategies, which tere outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) nee effective teaching method 2. Use of Video/Animation 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (Free critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Lee design thinking skills sugarify information rather than 	d not to be only a ds could be adop to explain functio (Group Learning Iigher order Thir arning (PBL), wh ch as the ability to simply recall it.	a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept () Learning in the class. hking) questions in the c hich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener	hod, but alternative les. :s. lass, which promotes alytical skills, develop
6. Introduce Topics in man		ions.	
7. Show the different ways	to solve the same	e problem with different	
encourage the students t			
8. Discuss how every conce			when that's possible, it
helps improve the stude			
Introduction to Cybercrime:	Modu	le-1	
Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives, Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective, Textbook1:Ch1 (1.1 to 1.8).	percrimes,		Security, Who are
	halk and board, A	ctive Learning	
5 5	Modu	-	
Cyber offenses: How Criminals Plan Them: Introduction stalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes.			cial Engineering, Cyber
Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Att	ack Vector		
Textbook1: Ch2 (2.1 to 2.7).			
Teaching-Learning ProcessC	halk and board, A	ctive Learning	
	Modu	le-3	
Tools and Methods Used in Cyberch Password Cracking, Key loggers and S Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attack	pywares, Virus a	nd Worms, Trojan Hors	

Textbook1: Ch4 (4.1 to 4.9, 4.12	n			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies			
	Module-4			
Understanding the people on t	he scene: Introduction, understanding cyber criminals, understanding			
cyber victims, understanding cyber investigators.				
The Computer Investigation pro	ocess: investigating computer crime.			
Understanding Cybercrime Pr	evention: Understanding Network Security Concepts, Understanding			
	king the Most of Hardware and Software Security			
Textbook 2:Ch3,Ch 4, Ch 7.				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Case studies			
	Module-5			
	les: Security Auditing and Log Firewall Logs, Reports, Alarms, and ection Systems, Understanding E-Mail Headers Tracing a Domain Name			
or IP Address.	culon systems, onderstanding E-Mail neaders fracing a Domain Name			
of it fluitess.				
Collecting and preserving digita	l Evidence: Introduction, understanding the role of evidence in a			
	idence, preserving digital evidence, recovering digital evidence,			
documenting evidence.				
TextBook 2:Ch 9, Ch 10.				
	Chalk and board, Case studies			
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes	Chaik and board, case studies			
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:			
CO 1. Describe the cyber crime				
	bbiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and			
prevention				
CO 3. Analyze the motive and c	auses for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators			
	derstanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal			
case and evidence.	- 1 (77)			
Assessment Details (both CIE an	-			
	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
	ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/			
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together				
Continuous Internal Evaluation				
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester 				
 Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 				
 Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester 				
Two assignments each of 10 Marks				
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester				
 Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester 				
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Mark				
(duration 01 hours)				
6. At the end of the 13 th week of the semester				
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be scaled down to 50 marks				
	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the			
· *	· · · · · ·			

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2013
- 2. Debra Little John Shinder and Michael Cross, "Scene of the cybercrime", 2nd edition, Syngress publishing Inc, Elsevier Inc, 2008

Reference Books:

- 1. Robert M Slade, "Software Forensics", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, "Cybercrime", ABC CLIO Inc, California, 2004.
- 3. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forensics", Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=czDzUP1HclQ</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qS4ViqnjkC8</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.trendmicro.com/en_nz/ciso/21/h/cybercrime-today-and-the-future.html</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to Cyber security.

	PROGRAMM	ING IN JAVA	
Course Code	21CS654	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. Learn fundamental fea CLO 2. To create, debug and n CLO 3. Learn object oriented CLO 4. Study the concepts of CLO 5. Discuss the String Har Teaching-Learning Process (Gene These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) no effective teaching meth 2. Use of Video/Animatio 3. Encourage collaborativ 4. Ask at least three HOT critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based I design thinking skills s information rather tha 6. Introduce Topics in ma 7. Show the different way encourage the students	atures of object or run simple Java pr concepts using pr importing of pack ndling examples v eral Instructions teachers can use t eed not to be only nods could be ado n to explain funct re (Group Learnin (Higher order Thi Learning (PBL), w uch as the ability n simply recall it. mifold representa rs to solve the sam s to come up with cept can be applie	riented language and JAV rograms. rogramming examples. cages and exception han with Object Oriented com control of the accelerate of the attainm a traditional lecture me pted to attain the outcor ioning of various concept g) Learning in the class. inking) questions in the chich fosters students' At to design, evaluate, generations. to problem with different their own creative ways ed to the real world - and	/A. dling mechanism. acepts. nent of the various course whod, but alternative mes. ots. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop eralize, and analyze
	Modu	-	
An Overview of Java: Object-Orier Two Control Statements, Using Bloc Data Types, Variables, and Array Floating-Point Types, Characters, H Casting, Automatic Type Promotion Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3. Teaching-Learning Process	ks of Code, Lexica v s : Java Is a Stron Booleans, A Close in Expressions, A	ll Issues, The Java Class I ngly Typed Language, Tl rr Look at Literals, Vari	Libraries. he Primitive Types, Integers, iables, Type Conversion and out Strings
	Modu	0	·
Operators: Arithmetic Operators Operators, The Assignment Operator Control Statements: Java's Selection	, The Bitwise (or, The ? Operator,	Operators, Relational , Operator Precedence, L	Jsing Parentheses,
Textbook 1:Ch 4,Ch 5.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board,	Active Learning, Demon	stration
·	Modu	ule-3	
Introducing Classes: Class Funda Introducing Methods, Constructors, Class.			
A Closer Look at Methods and C	lasses: Overloadi	ing Methods, Using Obj	ects as Parameters, A Close

Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. **Inheritance:** Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.

Textbook 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.1-8.5

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

 Module-4

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions

Textbook 1: Ch 9,Ch 10.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
Module-5		

Enumerations :Enumerations, Type Wrappers.

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.

Textbook 1: Ch 12.1,12.2,Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Develop JAVA programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- CO 2. Develop JAVA program using packages, inheritance and interface.
- CO 3. Develop JAVA programs to implement error handling techniques using exception handling
- CO 4. Demonstrate string handling concepts using JAVA.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,15)

Reference Books:

- 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, ISBN:9788131720806.
- 2. Rajkumar Buyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
- 3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using JAVA

	MACHI	NE LEARNING	LABORATORY	
Course Code	2	21AIL66	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
	of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
Course Lear	ning Objectives:			
CLO 2. To le CLO 3. Com rein CLO 4. Able learn CLO 5. To in	earn and understand the Imp pare and contrast the learning forcement learning. to solve and analyse the pro- ning techniques. mpart the knowledge of clus uating Hypothesis. Prerequisite • Students should environment	ing techniques li oblems on ANN, stering and class be familiarized ation of Anacond	ike ANN approach, Bayesi Instance based learning a ification Algorithms for p d about Python installat da should be introduced	and Reinforcement redictions and
	 Should have the kin Algebra. 	nowledge about 1	Probability theory,Statistics	
Sl. No.	PART A – List of proble		udent should develop pro Laboratory	ogram and execute in
1	Aim: Illustrate and Demons Program: For a given set demonstrate the Find-S consistent with the trainin Text Book 1: Ch2	strate the workin of training dat algorithm to ou	g model and principle of Fi a examples stored in a .(CSV file, implement and
2	Aim: Demonstrate the worl Program: For a given set demonstrate the Candida hypotheses consistent wit Text Book 1: Ch2 Reference: https://www.yo	of training dat te-Elimination a th the training e	a examples stored in a .(algorithm to output a des xamples.	CSV file, implement and
3	Aim: To construct the Dec concept. Program: Write a progra algorithm. Use an appro knowledge to classify a ne Text Book 1: Ch 3	cision tree using m to demonstr ppriate data set	g the training data sets un ate the working of the o	decision tree based ID3
4	Aim: To understand the w feed backward principle. Program: Build an Artif algorithm and test the sam	icial Neural N	etwork by implementin	
	Text Book 1: Ch 4			

5	Aim: Demonstrate the text classifier using Naïve bayes classifier algorithm.
	Program: Write a program to implement the naive Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
	Text Book 1: Ch6
	Aim: Demonstrate and Analyse the results sets obtained from Bayesian belief network Principle.
	Program:- Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Python ML library classes/API.
	Text Book 1: Ch 6
	Aim: Implement and demonstrate the working model of K-means clustering algorithm with Expectation Maximization Concept. Program: Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data
	set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.
	Text Book 1: Ch 8
	Aim: Demonstrate and analyse the results of classification based on KNN Algorithm. Program: Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
	Text Book 1: Ch 8 Aim: Understand and analyse the concept of Regression algorithm techniques.
	Program: Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.
	Text Book 1: Ch8
	Aim: Implement and demonstrate classification algorithm using Support vector machine Algorithm.
	Program: Implement and demonstrate the working of SVM algorithm for classification.
	Text Book 2: Ch6
Pedagogy F b	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk
	PART B
A	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and
s v	student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the Program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
	omes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:
CO 2. Dem CO 3. Illus	erstand the Importance of different classification and clustering algorithms. nonstrate the working of various algorithms with respect to training and test data sets. strate and analyze the principles of Instance based and Reinforcement learning techniques.
	it the importance and Applications of Supervised and unsupervised machine learning.
	pare and contrast the Bayes theorem principles and Q learning approach. Details (both CIE and SEE)
	ge of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is
50%. The mi	nimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student

shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should

develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Text Books:

- 1. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Lerning", 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 2. <u>Nello Cristianini</u>, <u>John Shawe-Taylor</u>, An Introduction to Support Vector Machines and Other Kernel-based Learning Methods, Cambridge University Press, 2013
- Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

Suggested Web Links / E Resource

- 1. <u>https://www.kaggle.com/general/95287</u>
- 2. https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/ESLII.pdf

		ADVANCED	AI AND ML				
Course Code		21AI71	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hour	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits							
Course Learn CLO 1. Demo CLO 2. Illustr CLO 3. Exploi CLO 4. Illustr CLO 5. Exploi Teaching-Lea These are sam outcomes. 1. L te 2. U 3. E 4. A th 5. A th th 6. Ir	ecturer method (L) nee eaching methods could se of Video/Animation ncourage collaborative sk at least three HOT (ninking. dopt Problem Based Le ninking skills such as th nan simply recall it. ntroduce Topics in mar	als of Intelligent A ncertain Knowledg ed learning in solvi ineering concepts al Instructions) eacher can use to a eds not to be only t be adopted to atta to explain functio e (Group Learning) Higher order Thinl earning (PBL), whi he ability to design	gents ge ing AI problems with Applications ccelerate the attainment raditional lecture method in the outcomes. ning of various concepts. Learning in the class. king) questions in the class ch fosters students' Analy evaluate, generalize, and ons.	of the various course d, but alternative effective ss, which promotes critical ytical skills, develop design l analyse information rather			
tł 8. D	ne students to come up	with their own cro ept can be applied	eative ways to solve them	ircuits/logic and encourage hen that's possible, it helps			
		Modu	ıle-1				
Environments	, The Structure of Agen ing : Game Paying Chapter 2, Chapter 5 Chalk and board, Acti	ts (2.1 to 2.4, 5.1 to ve Learning, Probl	5.6) em based learning	of Rationality, The Nature o			
		Modu					
Notation, Infer Revisited,	rence Üsing Full Joint D			Jncertainty , Basic Probability Id Its Use The WumpusWorld			
Text book 1:		· · -					
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and board, Acti	ve Learning, Demo	nstration				
Process							
Process		Modu	ıle-3				

and Learning.

Text book 2: chapter 4.1-4.6 & 9.1-9.5

Neural networks and genetic algorithms:

Brief history and Evolution of Neural network, Biological neuron, Basics of ANN, Activation function, MP model.

Text book 3: chapter 6

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	

Module-4

Recommender System:

Datasets, Association rules, Collaborative filtering, User-based similarity, item-based similarity, using surprise library, Matrix factorization

Text Analytics:

Overview, Sentiment Classification, Naïve Bayes model for sentiment classification, using TF-IDF vectorizer, Challenges of text analytics

Text book 4: Chapter 9 and 10

Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning		
Learning			
Process			
Module-5			

Clustering

Introduction, Types of clustering, Partitioning methods of clustering (k-means, k-medoids), hierarchical methods

Text book 3: Chapter 13

Instance Based Learning: Introduction, k-nearest neighbour learning(review), locally weighted regression, radial basis function, cased-based reasoning,

Text book 2: Chapter 8.1-8.5

Learning	
Process	

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Demonstrate the fundamentals of Intelligent Agents

- CO 2. Illustrate the reasoning on Uncertain Knowledge
- CO 3. Explore the explanation-based learning in solving AI problems
- CO 4. Apply effectively ML algorithms to solve real world problems.
- CO 5. Apply Instant based techniques and derive effectively learning rules to real world problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE

(Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration **01 hours**)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, A Modern Approach, Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Third Edition, Pearson, 2010
- 2. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
- 3. Machine Learning, Anuradha Srinivasaraghavan, VincyJoeph, Wiley 2019
- 4. Machine Learning using Python , Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley 2019

Reference:

1. An Introduction to Multi Agent Systems, Michael Wooldridge, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm_laSHcH
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102220/
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaIiy295pg6_SY5qznc77
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106139/

		CLOUD COM	PUTING	
Course	Code	21CS72	CIE Marks	50
Teachir	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total H	lours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits		02	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. CLO 2. CLO 3. CLO 4. Teachi These a outcom 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Lecturer method (L) does n teaching methods may be a Show Video/animation film Encourage collaborative (G Ask at least three HOT (Hig thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learn skills such as the ability to e it. Topics will be introduced in Show the different ways to their own creative ways to	f cloud computing ign cloud native app loud Virtualization, eral Instructions) teachers can use to a ot mean only traditi dopted to develop th is to explain function roup Learning) Lear her order Thinking) hing (PBL), which fo evaluate, generalize, a a multiple represen solve the same prob solve them.	lications, the necessary to Abstraction's and Enabling accelerate the attainment of onal lecture method, but of ne outcomes. ning of various concepts. ning in the class. questions in the class, wh sters students' Analytical s and analyze information r ntation. lem and encourage the stu	ols and the design g Technologies and of the various course lifferent type of ich promotes critical skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall
8.	Discuss how every concept improve the students' under		e real world - and when th	at s possible, it helps
	*	Module	- 1	
Environ and Sal Textbo	action ,Cloud Computing a nments, Amazon Web Servio esforce.com, Manjrasoft Ane ook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2 an	ces (AWS), Google A ka	AppEngine, Microsoft Azu	0 1 0
		Module	-2	
Virtual	lization: Introduction, Chara			omy of
Virtuali	ization Techniques, Executio	n Virtualization, Oth	er Types of Virtualization,	
	ization and Cloud Computing	, Pros and Cons of V	irtualization, Technology	Examples
Virtuali				
	ook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6			
Textbo	ook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6 ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning	

Cloud Computing Architecture: Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of the Cloud, Open Challenges

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration
	Module-4
Cloud Security: Risks Ton conc	ern for cloud users, privacy impact assessment, trust, OS security, VM
	shared images and management OS.
Textbook 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9	.6, 9.8, 9.9
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
	Module-5
Cloud Platforms in Industry	Module-5
Amazon web services: - Comp	oute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model,
Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9	.2
Cloud Applications:	
Scientific applications: - HealthCa	are: ECG analysis in the cloud, Biology: gene expression data analysis fo
cancer diagnosis, Geoscience: sa	tellite image processing. Business and consumer applications: CRM and
ERP, Social networking, media ap	pplications.
Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1 to	o 10.2
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
0 0	
Course outcome (Course Skill S	
At the end of the course the stude	ent will be able to:
-	various cloud computing platforms and service provider.
CO 2. Illustrate various virtual	-
C .	, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
CO 4. Understand the Security	*
CO 5. Define platforms for dev	
Assessment Details (both CIE a	nd SEE)
The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall b rademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internated Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation	1:
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	xs (duration 01 hour)
	the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester
	nd of 4 th week of the semester
4. First assignment at the e	
_	e end of 9 th week of the semester

Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 2 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi Mastering Cloud Computing McGraw Hill Education.
- 2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Compting Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013

Reference Books

- 1. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.
- 2. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication.
- 3. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1N3oqYhzHv4</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0</u>

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYSIS					
Course Code	21AI731	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. Understand Semantic Web for	[.] social network ar	nalysis.			
CLO 2. Learn the Representation, Mod	elling and Aggrega	ating social network data			
CLO 3. Learn the basic algorithms an	d techniques for d	etection and decentraliza	tion of social network.		

CLO 4. Study Human behaviour in social networks and its management.

CLO 5. Visual representation of social network data in different applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Semantic Web: Limitations of current Web - Development of Semantic Web - Emergence of the Social Web.

Social Network analysis: Development of Social Network Analysis - Key concepts and measures in network analysis.

Electronic sources for network analysis: Electronic discussion networks, Blogs and online communities - Web-based networks.

Text book 1: Chapter1 - 1.1, 1.3, 1.4, Chapter2 - 2.2, 2.3, Chapter3 - 3.1 to 3.3

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning,	
Learning		
Process		
Modulo-2		

Module-2

Knowledge Representation on the Semantic Web: Ontology and their role in the Semantic Web – Ontology based knowledge Representation - Ontology languages for the Semantic Web - Resource Description Framework and schema - Web Ontology Language.

Modelling and aggregating social network data: State-of-the-art in network data representation - Ontological representation of social individuals - Ontological representation of social relationships -

Text DOOK 1:	$(h_{2}) = (1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2)$
Teaching-	Chapter4 – 4.1(4.1.1), 4.2(4.2.1,4.2.2), Chapter5 – 5.1 to 5.4 Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
0	Chark and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-3
-	nmunities in social networks - Definition of community - Evaluating communities - Methods
for community	v detection - Tools for detecting communities
Decembralis	d and the second state of the destine of all an and for DOCN. The Gran for December line
	d online social networks - Introduction - Challenges for DOSN - The Case for Decentralizing
Tolerant DOSN	l Purpose DOSNs - Specialized Application Centric DOSNs - Social Distributed Systems - Delay- N.
Text book 2:	Chapter 12 – 12.2 to 12.5, Chapter 17
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
Understandiı	ng and predicting human behaviour for social communities: User data management
Inference and	Distribution - Enabling new human experiences – The Technologies.
	ed on trust comparisons. Chapter20 - 20.2, 20.3(20.3.1), Chapter22 – 22.3, 22.5, 22.6, 22.7, 22.9, 22.10
Teaching-	Chalk & board, Problem based learning, MOOC
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
Visualization networks,	of Social Networks: Social Network Analysis - Visualization - Visualizing online social
	zations and Interactions for Social Networks Exploration: Visualizing social networks with representations - Matrix and Node-Link Diagrams - Hybrid representations.
	of Social Network Analysis: Applications of Social Network Analysis - Covert networks -
	elfare - Collaboration networks - Co-Citation networks.
Community w	
Community w Text Book 2:	elfare - Collaboration networks - Co-Citation networks. Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching-	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC mes
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC mes he course the student will be able to:
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t CO 1. Under	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC mes he course the student will be able to: rstand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis.
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t CO 1. Under CO 2. Under	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC mes he course the student will be able to: rstand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis. rstand the Representation , Modelling and Aggregating social network data.
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t CO 1. Under CO 2. Under CO 3. Analy	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC mes he course the student will be able to: rstand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis. rstand the Representation , Modelling and Aggregating social network data. se the human behaviour in social network.
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t CO 1. Under CO 2. Under CO 2. Under CO 3. Analy CO 4. Apply	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC mes he course the student will be able to: rstand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis. rstand the Representation, Modelling and Aggregating social network data. se the human behaviour in social network. techniques for detection and decentralization of social network.
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t CO 1. Under CO 2. Under CO 2. Under CO 3. Analy CO 4. Apply CO 5. Illustr	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC mes he course the student will be able to: rstand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis. rstand the Representation, Modelling and Aggregating social network data. se the human behaviour in social network. techniques for detection and decentralization of social network. rate the visual representation of social network data.
Community w Text Book 2: Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t CO 1. Under CO 2. Under CO 3. Analy CO 4. Apply CO 5. Illustr Assessment E	Chapter 27 – 27.2, 27.3, 27.4, Chapter 28 – 28.5, Chapter 29 – 29.3.3, 29.3.5 to 29.3.7 Chalk and board, MOOC mes he course the student will be able to: rstand the Semantic Web and Electronic sources for social network analysis. rstand the Representation , Modelling and Aggregating social network data. se the human behaviour in social network. techniques for detection and decentralization of social network.

minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester
- 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester -Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Peter Mika, "Social Networks and the Semantic Web", First Edition, Springer 2007.
- Borko Furht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Applications", 1st Edition, Springer, 2010.

Reference:

- 1. Guandong Xu, Yanchun Zhang and Lin Li, "Web Mining and Social Networking Techniques and applications", First Edition Springer, 2011.
- 2. Dion Goh and Schubert Foo, "Social information Retrieval Systems: Emerging Technologies and Applications for Searching the Web Effectively", IGI Global Snippet, 2008.
- 3. Max Chevalier, Christine Julien and Chantal Soulé-Dupuy, "Collaborative and Social Information Retrieval and Access: Techniques for Improved user Modelling", IGI Global Snippet, 2009.

4. John G. Breslin, Alexander Passant and Stefan Decker, "The Social Semantic Web", Springer, 2009

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IiUDKDxScxI</u>
- 2. http://www.nitttrc.edu.in/nptel/courses/video/106106146/L21.html
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DTxE9KV3YrE
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MQsTxRMy3Xg
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BQWoMRS5CGA
- 6. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs78/preview

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

		DIGITAL IMAGE	PROCESSING	
Course Cod		21CS732	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	s of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	rning Objectives	03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 CLO 5	 Apply different image Evaluate image restor 	nsform techniques e enhancement tech ration techniques an hological Operation	mage processing used in digital image pr niques on digital images nd methods used in digination use	tal imageprocessing
	ample Strategies, which	teachers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course
outcomes.	Locturor mothod (L) -	and not to be only a	traditional lasture mat	had but alternative
1.		-	a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom	
2.	-	-	oning of various concept	
3.	•	-) Learning in the class.	
3. 4.	Ũ		iking) questions in the c	lass which promotes
	critical thinking.			-
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.			
6.				
7.	-	-	e problem with different	circuits/logic and
		•	heir own creative ways	
8.	-	•	l to the real world - and	
	helps improve the stud			x ,
		Modu	-	
Examples o ProcessingS Quantizatio	f fields that use DIP, Fu System, Elements of Vis	ndamentalSteps in sual Perception, Im hips BetweenPixels	Digital Image Processin lage Sensing and Acquis 5, Linear and Nonlinear (f Digital Image Processing g, Components of an Image sition, Image Sampling and Operations.
Teaching-I	Learning Process	Chalk and board.	Active Learning, Proble	m based learning
5	0	Modu		0
Spatial Doi	main: Some Basic Inten:			Processing, Fundamentals o
	ering, SmoothingSpatial			0,
				n (DFT) of Two Variables ning and Image Sharpening
Properties	ency Domain Filters, Sel		-	
Properties UsingFrequ	ency Domain Filters, Sel	lective Filtering.	oter 4: Sections 4.2, 4.5	to 4.10
Properties UsingFrequ Textbook 1	ency Domain Filters, Sel	lective Filtering. 3.2 to 3.6 and Chap 1. Chalk an	-	

	Module-3
Frequency Domain Filtering, Line	pration in the Presence of Noise Onlyusing Spatial Filtering and ear, Position-Invariant Degradations, Estimating the Degradation m Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering, ConstrainedLeast Squares
Textbook 1: Chapter 5: Sections 5	.2, to 5.9
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and board
	Module-4
Color Image Processing : Color Fun Background, Multiresolution Expans	damentals, Color Models, Pseudo color Image Processing. Wavelets: sions.
Morphological Image Processing : Miss Transforms, Some Basic Morph	Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or- ological Algorithms.
Text: Chapter 6: Sections 6.1 to 6.	3, Chapter 7: Sections 7.1 and 7.2, Chapter 9: Sections 9.1 to 9.5
Teaching-Learning Process	1.Chalk& board
	2.Demonstartion of Case study /Application for wavelet transfer method
	Module-5
	ication of image segmentation algorithms, Detection of Igh Transforms and Shape Detection, Corner Detection, Principles of
	Representation, Boundary descriptors.
Teaching-Learning Process	9.7 and Text 1: Chapter 11: Sections 11.1and 11.2 1.Chalk and board, MOOC.
reaching Dearning Process	2. Poster making activity for various image segmentation
	algorithms
Course Outcomes	0
At the end of the course the student	will be able to:
CO 1. Understand the fundamenta	
CO 2. Apply different Image trans	
CO 3. Analyze various image rest CO 4. Understand colour image an	
CO 5. Design image analysis and a	
Assessment Details (both CIE and	
Assessment Details (both Cill and	
The weightage of Continuous Intern	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation: Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} w	
2. Second test at the end of the	
3. Third test at the end of the f	
Two assignments each of 10 Marks	
4. First assignment at the end	of 4 th week of the semester

5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Textbooks

- 1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Third Ed., Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, Oxford University Press, 2ndEdition, 2016

Reference:

- 1. Digital Image Processing- S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar, TataMcGraw Hill 2014.
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing-A. K. Jain, Pearson 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105032/
- 2. https://github.com/PrajwalPrabhuiisc/Image-processing-assignments

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of finding the histogram from grayscale image, to check the low pass filter properties, filtering the images using Gaussian low pass filter, etc... using Python programming

Practical Based Assignment like following or any topic which is in-line with the course requirement. Students shall present and demonstrate their work at the end of semester.

- Program to show rotation, scaling, and translation of an image.
- Read an image and extract and display low-level features such as edges, textures using filtering techniques
- Demonstrate enhancing and segmenting low contrast 2D images.
- To Read an image, first apply erosion to the image and then subtract the result from the original.

	FULLSTACK DEV	ELOPMENT	
Course Code	21AI733	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1.Explain the use of learn CLO 2.Make use of rapid appl CLO 3.Illustrate Models, View development. CLO 4.Demonstrate the use of CLO 5.Design and implement Teaching-Learning Process (Gen These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) does a teaching methods may be a 2. Show Video/animation film 3. Encourage collaborative (C	ning full stack web d ication development s and Templates wit f state management Django apps contair eral Instructions) teachers can use to not mean only tradit adopted to develop to	evelopment. t in the design of respons th their connectivity in Dj and admin interfaces aut ning dynamic pages with accelerate the attainmen tional lecture method, bu the outcomes.	ive web pages. ango for full stack web omation in Django. SQL databases. t of the various course t different type of
 Ask at least three HOT (High thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lear thinking skills such as the simply recall it. Topics will be introduced in the formula of the simply recall be introduced in the simple of the simple o	gher order Thinking ming (PBL), which fo ability to evaluate, g n a multiple represe solve the same prob ys to solve them.) questions in the class, w osters students' Analytica eneralize, and analyze in entation. blem and encourage the s	al skills, develop formation rather than students to come up
8. Discuss how every concept improve the students' und Mo			that's possible, it helps
Web framework, MVC Design Patte Django URL Confs and Loose Coupl			-
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapt	er 3		
Teaching-Learning Process	 PPT/Prezi I Patterns Live coding 	tion using Visual Studio C Presentation for Architec	ture and Design
	ule-2: Django Temp		
Template System Basics, Using I Development Pattern, Template Lo	, 0 1	•	0
Configuring Databases, Defining a Representations, Inserting/Updatin			
Textbook 1: Chapter 4 and Chapt			
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstrat	tion using Visual Studio C Presentation for Architec	

	4. Case Study: Apply concepts learnt for an Online Ticket
	Booking System
Module-3	: Django Admin Interfaces and Model Forms
	g Admin Interfaces, Customizing Admin Interfaces, Reasons to use
Form Processing, Creating Feed Forms, URLConf Ticks, Including	lback forms, Form submissions, custom validation, creating Model Other URLConfs.
Textbook 1: Chapters 6, 7 and 8	}
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	Generic Views and Django State Persistence
Views.	ws of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic
MIME Types, Generating Non-HT framework, Cookies, Sessions, Us Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Project Work: Implement all concepts learnt for Student
	Admission Management.
Module	-5: jQuery and AJAX Integration in Django
	ILHttpRequest and Response, HTML, CSS, JSON, iFrames, Settings of I Basic AJAX, jQuery AJAX Facilities, Using jQuery UI Autocomplete in
Touthoole 2. Chantons 1. 2 and	7
Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 2 and 7 Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
reaching Dearning 1100055	 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Case Study: Apply the use of AJAX and jQuery for
	development of EMI calculator.
Course outcome (Course Skill S	
At the end of the course the stude	-
CO 1. Understand the working	of MVT based full stack web development with Django.
CO 2. Designing of Models and	Forms for rapid development of web pages.
CO 3. Analyze the role of Temp applications.	late Inheritance and Generic views for developing full stack web
CO 4. Apply the Django framev	vork libraries to render nonHTML contents like CSV and PDF.
CO 5. Perform jQuery based AJ applications,	AX integration to Django Apps to build responsive full stack web
Assessment Details (both CIE a	nd SEE)
The weightage of Continuous In	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is

50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan Moss, The Definitive Guide to Django: Web Development Done Right, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG Publishers, 2009
- 2. Jonathan Hayward, Django Java Script Integration: AJAX and jQuery, First Edition, Pack Publishing, 2011

Reference Books

- 1. Aidas Bendroraitis, Jake Kronika, Django 3 Web Development Cookbook, Fourth Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020
- 2. William Vincent, Django for Beginners: Build websites with Python and Django, First Edition, Amazon Digital Services, 2018
- 3. Antonio Mele, Django3 by Example, 3rd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020
- 4. Arun Ravindran, Django Design Patterns and Best Practices, 2nd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020.

5. Julia Elman, Mark Lavin, Light weight Django, David A. Bell, 1st Edition, Oreily Publications, 2014

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. MVT architecture with Django: <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/3700/django-tutorials</u>
- 2. Using Python in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BqoLiMT3Ao</u>
- 3. Model Forms with Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gMM1rtTwKxE</u>
- 4. Real time Interactions in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3gHmfoeZ45k</u>
- 5. AJAX with Django for beginners: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3VaKNyjlxAU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the Django framework concepts and its integration with AJAX to develop any shopping website with admin and user dashboards.

		BLOCKCHAIN T	ECHNOLOGY	
Course Code		21CS734	CIE Marks	50
- U	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	rning Objectives	03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1 CLO 2 CLO 3	Explain the fundament 2. Discuss the concepts in 3. Demonstrate Ethereun earning Process (Gene	ı bitcoin 1 platform	computing and blockcha	ain
These are sa outcomes. 1.	ample Strategies, which t Lecturer method (L) ne			ent of the various course
1.	effective teaching meth	-		
2.	Use of Video/Animation	n to explain functio	oning of various concept	ts.
3.	Encourage collaborativ	e (Group Learning) Learning in the class.	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (critical thinking.	Higher order Thir	iking) questions in the c	class, which promotes
5.	critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.			
6.	Introduce Topics in ma		ions.	
7.	Show the different way	-		t circuits/logic and
7.	encourage the students		-	
8.	Discuss how every cond helps improve the stude			when that's possible, it
	neips improve the stud	Modu	-	
blockchain, Decentraliz	CAP theorem and block	ems, History of l cchain, Benefits a l y: Decentralizatio	blockchain, Introduction nd limitations of block on using blockchain, Met	on to blockchain, Types of chain. chods of decentralization,
Roules to de	ecentralization, Decentra	lized organization	.5.	
	1: Chapter 1, 2	Challs and heard A	stive Learning Oral ru	
Teaching-L	earning Process (ctive Learning – Oral pr	resentations.
.		Modu		
	on to Cryptography & Ci ures, Digital Signatures, F			nctions, Hash Pointers and currency,
	n Achieves Decentraliz Incentives and proof of			without identity using a
	: Chapter 1, 2			
Teaching-L	earning Process (Chalk and board, D		
		Modu	le-3	
	of Bitcoin: Bitcoin trans network, Limitations and		ripts, Applications of Bi	tcoin scripts, Bitcoin blocks,
How to Sto	re and Use Bitcoins: Sin	ple Local Storage	, Hot and Cold Storage, S	Splitting and Sharing Keys,

Textbook2: Chapter 3,4	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration, MOOC
Teaching Learning Trocess	Module-4
Bitcoin Mining: The task of Bit	tcoin miners, Mining Hardware, Energy consumption and ecology, Mining
pools, Mining incentives and st	
pools, immig meentives und se	
Bitcoin and Anonymity : Anon Zerocoin and Zerocash,	nymity Basics, How to De-anonymize Bitcoin, Mixing, Decentralized Mixing,
Textbook2: Chapter 5,6	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, MOOC
	Module-5
Smart Contracts and Ethereu	m 101:
Smart Contracts: Definition, Ric	cardian contracts.
	Ethereum blockchain, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled
contracts.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 10	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC, Practical Demonstration
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stu	
	of Distrbuted computing and its role in Blockchain
	of Cryptography and its role in Blockchain
CO 3. List the benefits, drawi	backs and applications of Blockchain
	istrate the Ethereum platform to develop blockchain application.
Assessment Details (both CIE	
The weightage of Continuous In The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the course if the student secures r	nternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% or the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna
	End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Ma	
1. First test at the end of	
	of the 10 th week of the semester
	f the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 M	
-	e end of 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at t	the end of 9 th week of the semester
Crown discussion / Cominan / and	iz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$
Marks (duration 01 hours)	rook of the semector
Marks (duration 01 hours)6. At the end of the 13th w	
Marks (duration 01 hours) 6. At the end of the 13 th w The sum of three tests, two assi	ignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
Marks (duration 01 hours) 6. At the end of the 13 th w The sum of three tests, two assi and will be scaled down to 50	ignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks marks
Marks (duration 01 hours) 6. At the end of the 13 th w The sum of three tests, two assi and will be scaled down to 50 (to have less stressed CIE, the p	ignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks marks portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
Marks (duration 01 hours) 6. At the end of the 13 th w The sum of three tests, two assi and will be scaled down to 50 (to have less stressed CIE, the p methods of the CIE. Each meth	ignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks marks

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Mastering Blockchain Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017.
- 2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward W. Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder and Jeremy Clark., Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.

Reference:

1. Mastering Bitcoins: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies by Andreas Antonopoulos. O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>http://bitcoinbook.cs.princeton.edu/? ga=2.8302578.1344744326.1642688462-86383721.1642688462</u>
- 2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105184/</u>
- 3. <u>https://ethereum.org/en/developers/</u>
- 4. <u>https://developer.ibm.com/components/hyperledger-fabric/tutorials/</u>

		INTERNET O	IF I HINGS	
Course Code	e	21CS735	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
CLO 2 CLO 3 CLO 4 CLO 5 CLO 6 Teaching-L	 their characteristics. 2. Understand the recent a 3. Understand the protocol 4. Understand the other as IoT. 5. Improve their knowleds machine learning applied 	application domains of and standards associated technologies about the varied cations. current trends of <u>ent industrial scee</u> al Instructions) eachers can use to ad not to be only and ds could be adop to explain function (Group Learning Higher order Thin earning (PBL), which as the ability to simply recall it. ifold representation to solve the same to come up with the explant the applied	ins of IoT in everyday lif designed for IoT and th ogies like cloud and fog ous cutting-edge technol machine learning and A mario. • accelerate the attainme traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept) Learning in the class. • king) questions in the class. • king) questions in the class. • ich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. • problem with different heir own creative ways I to the real world - and	e current research on it. computing in the domain of logies in the field IoT and AI techniques used in IoT to ent of the various course hod, but alternative tes. ts. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
		Modul		
Technologie Textbook 1	es, IoT Networking Compo L: Chapter 4 – 4.1 to 4.5	onents, Addressin	g Strategies in IoT.	omplex Interdependence of
Teaching-L	earning Process C		ctive Learning, Problem	n based learning
		Modul		
Types, Sensi	ing Considerations, Actua			nsorial Deviations, Sensing istics.
	Chapter 5 - 5.1 to 5.9	hall and board A	ctive Learning Domana	tration
	earning Process C		ctive Learning, Demons	uauon
Teaching-L		N.C	L_ 1	
	sing Topologies and Typ	Modul		

Textbook 1: Chapter 6 - 6.1 to 6	.5
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
IoT Connectivity Technologies:	Introduction, IEEE 802.15.4, Zigbee, Thread, ISA100.11A,
	, Z-Wave, Weightless, Sigfox, LoRa, NB-IoT, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth
Textbook 1: Chapter 7 – 7.1 to 7	.16
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning
	Module-5
IoT Communication Technolog	ies: Introduction, Infrastructure Protocols, Discovery Protocols, Data
0	, Device Management, Semantic Protocols
IoT Interoperability: Introductio	n, Taxonomy of interoperability, Standards, Frameworks
Textbook 1: Chapter 8 – 8.1, 6.2	, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, .7
Textbook 1: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9.2	, 9.3
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:
	of IoT, IoT networking components, and addressing strategies in IoT.
CO 2. Analyze various sensing d	
CO 3. Demonstrate the processi	
CO 4. Apply different connectiv	
	cation technologies , protocols and interoperability in IoT.
Assessment Details (both CIE an	-
	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En	
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	
1. First test at the end of 5 th	
	he 10 th week of the semester
	e 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Mark	
	d of 4 th week of the semester
C	end of 9 th week of the semester
	k of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three
	the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours)
-	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 m a	-
	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	as to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per the outcome defined for t	he course.
Semester End Examination:	
-	y University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
papers for the subject (duration (-
1. The question paper will have	ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.

- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021.

Reference:

- 1. S. Misra, C. Roy, and A. Mukherjee, 2020. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0. CRC Press.
- 2. Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)",1st Edition, VPT, 2014.
- 3. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-cs31/

		AUGMENTE	D REALITY			
Course Code	е	21AI741	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	0.03	03	Exam Hours	03		
Course Lea	rning Objectives					
CLO 1.	Understand the impor	tance of Augmen	ted reality			
CLO 2.	Understand and analy	Understand and analyse the importance of Tracking system.				
CLO 3.	Compare and contrast the computer vision for Augmented reality and its applications					
CLO 4.	Analyse and understand Registration and camera simulation of visual coherence.					
CLO 5.	Acquire knowledge of	-				
	earning Process (General					
These are sa outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	teaching methods could be Use of Video/Animation to Encourage collaborative (Ask at least three HOT (Hi thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea thinking skills such as the than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manif Show the different ways to	s not to be only the adopted to attain o explain the funct Group Learning) gher order Think rning (PBL), which ability to design, old representation o solve the same p	he traditional lecture me in the outcomes. ctioning of various conce Learning in the class. cing) questions in the clas ch fosters students' Analy evaluate, generalize, and ons. problem with different ci	thod, but alternative effective pts. ss, which promotes critical rtical skills, develop design l analyse information rather		
8.	the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps					
0.	improve the students' und	• •	to the real world - and w	nen that's possible, it helps		
	improve the students und	Modu	1- 1			
What Is Aug Displays-Mเ	on to Augmented Reality gmented Reality - Defining a ultimodal Displays, Visual P <u>1: Chapter 1,2</u> Chalk and board, Active	erception, Requi	rements and Characterist			
	ł	Modu	le-2			
Tracking Sy	Fracking, Calibration, and R stems, Mobile Sensors, Opti 1: Chapter 3			chnology, Stationary		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active	e Learning, Demo	nstration			
		Modu	le-3			
	Vision for Augmented Rea cking by Detection, Increme					

Teaching-	Chapter 4,5 Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	Chark and board, Froblem based learning, Demonstration
Process	
1100035	Module-4
Visual Coher	rence: Registration, Photometric Registration, Common Illumination, Diminished Reality,
	lation, Stylized Augmented Reality
Text book 1: Teaching-	Chapter 6 Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Learning	Charke board, Problem based learning
Process	
1100033	Module-5
Situated Vis	ualization: Challenges, Visualization Registration, Annotations and Labeling, X-Ray
	, Spatial Manipulation, Information Filtering
Interaction-C	Output Modalities, Input Modalities, Tangible Interfaces
Toyt Dool 1	: Chapter 7,8
Teaching-	Chapter 7,8 Chalk and board, MOOC
Learning	
Process	
Course Outc	omes
At the end of	the course the student will be able to:
CO1:Underst	and the importance of Augmented reality
CO2: Compre	hend and analyse the Tracking system.
-	e and Contrast the computer vision for Augmented reality
-	and understand Registration and camera simulation of visual coherence.
-	knowledge of Situated Visualization
Assessment	Details (both CIE and SEE)
minimum par have satisfie student secu	ge of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The ssing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to d the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the area not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SE
	id Examination) taken together
Continuous	Internal Evaluation:
	ests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
	test at the end of 5 th week of the semester nd test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester
	d test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester
	ents each of 10 Marks
i wo assigiilli	
	assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester
	nd assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester
Group discus	sion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks
-	hours
(duration 01	
(duration 01	e end of the 13 th week of the semester

will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question papers are designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Augmented Reality: Principles and Practice by Dieter SCHMALSTIEG, Tobias HOLLERER **Reference:**

- 1. Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education India; First edition (12 October 2016),ISBN-10: 9332578494
- 2. Sanni Siltanen- Theory and applications of marker-based augmented reality. Julkaisija Utgivare Publisher. 2012. ISBN 978-951-38-7449-0
- 3. Allan Fowler-AR Game Development||, 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-1484236178

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

e-Books:

- 1. https://www.vttresearch.com/sites/default/files/pdf/science/2012/S3.pdf
- 2. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/mixed-reality/
- 3. https://docs.microsoft.com/enus/archive/msdnmagazine/2016/november/hololensintroduction-to-the-hololens

	MULTIAGEN	Г SYSTEMS	
Course Code	21CS742	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. To introduce the conc CLO 2. Explore the main issu CLO 3. Develop cooperative I CLO 4. Exhibit the awareness CLO 5. Construct voting med Teaching-Learning Process (Ger These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) n effective teaching med 2. Use of Video/Animati 3. Encourage collaborat 4. Ask at least three HOT critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based design thinking skills information rather th 6. Introduce Topics in m 7. Show the different wa encourage the studen	ept of a multi agent es surrounding the of earning, stochastic g about protocols abo nanism design. Teral Instructions) In teachers can use to need not to be only a thods could be adop on to explain function ive (Group Learning I' (Higher order Thir I Learning (PBL), wh such as the ability to an simply recall it. nanifold representat anys to solve the same ts to come up with t	systems and Distributed computer and extended games out multi agent resource accelerate the attainme a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concept) Learning in the class. hking) questions in the c atch fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener ions. e problem with different heir own creative ways	d Constraints form games. e allocation and auctions ent of the various course hod, but alternative tes. ts. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze
			when that's possible, it
helps improve the stu		roblem Formulation	
Utility, Markov Decision Processes Distributed Constraints: Distribu Textbook 1: Chapters 1 &2, Text Teaching-Learning Process	ited Constraint Satis book 2: Chapter 1 1. PPT – Dec	faction, Distributed Con ision Processes, Plannin ation of constraints and	Ig
Madul		Extended Form Games	-
Games in Normal Form, Games in I Coalition Formation Textbook 1: Chapters 3 & 4, Tex	Extended Form, Self		
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Gan	nes in different forms	
	2. Demonstr	ation of coalition format	tion
Мос	lule-3: Learning in	Multiagent Systems	
The Machine Learning Problem, Theories for Learning Agents, Colle Textbook 1: Chapters 5	-	ing, Repeated Games,	Stochastic Games, General
Textbook 1: Chapters 5			

Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Cooperative learning, Collective intelligence
	2. Demonstration of stochastic games
	Module-4: Negotiation
The Bargaining Problem, Monot	onic Concession Protocol, Negotiation as Distributed Search, Ad-hoc
Negotiation Strategies, The Task A	
Protocols for Multiagent Resour	rce Allocation: Auctions: Simple Auctions, Combinatorial Auctions
-	-
Textbook 1: Chapters 6&7,	
Textbook 2: Chapter 11	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Bargaining problems
	2. Demonstration of different auctions for resource allocation
	odule-5: Voting and Mechanism Design
The Voting Problem, Mechanism	Design. Nature-Inspired Approaches: Ants and Termites, Immune
System	
Textbook 1: Chapters 8&10,	
Textbook 2: Chapter 10	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Voting Problem
	2. Demonstration of nature inspired Approaches
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stude	
	process with different constraints
CO 2. Analyze games in differer	
CO 3. Apply the cooperative lea	
	tion strategies of Multi-Agent System
CO 5. Design and develop solut	
Assessment Details (both CIE and	-
The weightage of Continuous Inte	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
The minimum passing mark for t	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
deemed to have satisfied the aca	ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
course if the student secures not	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (4	40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester Er	ld Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	s (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}	•
2. Second test at the end of	the 10 th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of th	e 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Mar	
4. First assignment at the er	
_	end of 9 th week of the semester
-	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20
Marks (duration 01 hours)	my one of three surtably planned to attain the cos and 1 os 101 20
6. At the end of the 13 th wee	k of the semester
	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 m	
	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	are designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as
per the outcome defined for the	course.
Semester End Examination:	

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Multiagent Systems by Jos'e M. Vidal, 2006, available online <u>http://jmvidal.cse.sc.edu/papers/mas.pdf</u>.
- 2. Multiagent Systems: Algorithmic, Game-Theoretic, and Logical Foundations, By YoavShoham, Kevin Leyton-Brown, Cambridge University Press, 2008, 2nded http://www.masfoundations.org/mas.pdf

Reference:

1. Multiagent Systems : A Modern Approach to Distributed Artificial Intelligence Gerhard Weiss The MIT Press 2000

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=02su1u2AXG0.
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/modeling-simulation-natural-processes/multi-agentsystems-kAKyC

PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS				
Course Cod	e	21AI743	CIE Marks	50
Teaching H	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	s of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
 CLO 1. Comprehend the fundamental principles of analytics for business CLO 2. Explore various techniques for predictive modelling CLO 3. Analyse the data transformation of different predictors CLO 4. Examine how predictive analytics can be used in decision making CLO 5. Apply predictive models to generate predictions for new data 				
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)				
These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.				
1.				out alternative effective
	teaching methods could be	-		
2.	Use of Video/Animation to	explain functioning o	of various concepts.	
3.	Encourage collaborative (G	roup Learning) Lear	ning in the class.	

- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Predictive analytics - Business analytics: types, applications, Analytical Techniques, Tools

Predictive Modelling: Propensity Models, Cluster Models, Applications.

Text book 1: Chapter 1, 2.

Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, Active Learning		
Process			
	Module-2		
Modelling Techniques:	Statistical Modelling, Machine Learning, Empirical Bayes Method, Point Estimation.		
Text book 1: Chapter 3,4			
m 1. r .			
Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, Active Learning		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning		
0 0	Chalk and board, Active Learning Module-3		
Process			

Over-Fitting and Model Tuning.

Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, Active Learning
Process	
	Module-4
	Measuring Performance in Regression Models - Linear Regression and Its Cousins -
	Models - Regression Trees and Rule-Based Models Case Study: Compressive Strength
of Concrete Mixtures.	
Tout heals 2. Chanton	F (7 0
Text book 2: Chapter ! Teaching-Learning	Chalk& board, Active Learning, MOOC
Process	Charke board, Active Learning, MOOC
1100035	Module-5
Classification Models	: Measuring Performance in Classification Models - Discriminant Analysis and Other
	odels - Non-Linear Classification Models - Classification Trees and Rule-Based Models
– Model Evaluation Tec	
Text Book 2: Chapter	11,12,13,14
Teaching-Learning	Chalk and board, MOOC
Process	
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course	e the student will be able to:
	e importance of predictive analytics, able to prepare and process data for the models
	stical techniques for predictive models he transformation of data in the predictors.
-	on and classification models for decision making and evaluate the performance
	d the time series forecasting models in a variety of business contexts
Assessment Details (b	
The weightage of Contin	nuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The
minimum passing mark	x for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to
have satisfied the acad	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the
student secures not le	ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a
minimum of 40% (40 n	narks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE
(Semester End Examina	ition) taken together
Continuous Internal E	valuation:
Three Unit Tests each o	f 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
	e end of 5 th week of the semester
	the end of the 10 th week of the semester
	e end of the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each	
-	nt at the end of 4 th week of the semester
0	nent at the end of 9 th week of the semester
	nar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks
(duration 01 hours)	
	ne 13 th week of the semester
	two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and
will be scaled down to	50 marks
(1) 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	TE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the character of the character of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Jeffrey S. Strickland, Predictive Analytics using R,2014
- 2. Max Kuhn and Kjell Johnson, Applied Predictive Modeling, 1st edition Springer, 2013.

Reference:

1. Dean Abbott, Applied Predictive Analytics: Principles and Techniques for the Professional Data Analyst, 1st Edition Wiley, 2014.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <u>https://www.coursera.org/lecture/fundamentals-of-data-analysis/introduction-to-predictive-analytics-u4H61</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	ROBOTIC PROCE	SS AUTOMATION	N DESIGN AND DEVE	ELOPMENT	
Course Cod		21CS744	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching H	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	0.00	3	Exam Hours	3	
	Course Learning Objectives				
	CLO 1. To understand basic concepts of RPA				
	2. To Describe RPA, whe	• •			
				ata manipulation techniques	
	 To Understand Image, To Describe various ty 				
	Learning Process (Gene		and strategies to handle		
Teaching-1	Learning Frocess (Gene				
These are s	ample Strategies, which t	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course	
outcomes.					
1.	Lecturer method (L) ne	-			
	effective teaching meth	-			
2.	Use of Video/Animatio	-	• •	ts.	
3.	Encourage collaborativ		-		
4.	Ask at least three HOT critical thinking.	(Higher order Thin	king) questions in the o	class, which promotes	
5.	Adopt Problem Based I	earning (PBL), wh	ich fosters students' An	alvtical skills, develop	
	design thinking skills s				
		-			
6.	information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.				
7.	Show the different way	-		t circuits/logic and	
/.	•		-		
8.	encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
0.	helps improve the stud			when that 3 possible, it	
	neips inipiove the stud	Modul	-		
	lationa What is DDA			fits of RPA- The downsides	
			•		
	-		-	comation- The Workforce of	
the Future- RPA Skills-On-Premise Vs. the Cloud- Web Technology- Programming Languages and Low					
	Code- OCR-Databases-APIs- AI-Cognitive Automation-Agile, Scrum, Kanban and Waterfall0 DevOps-				
Flowcharts					
The share of a					
	1: Ch 1, Ch 2			1 11 .	
i eaching-l	Learning Process		ctive Learning, Problen	n based learning	
DD		Modul			
	-			out UiPath - The future of	
	automation - Record and Play - Downloading and installing UiPath Studio -Learning Ui Path Studio				
Task record	ler - Step-by-step examp	les using the record	ler.		
Textbook 2	Textbook 2: Ch 1, Ch 2				
Teaching-I	Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning, Demons	stration	
		Modul			
Sequence,	Flowchart, and Contr			ities-Control flow, various	
types of loops, and decision making-Step-by-step example using Sequence and Flowchart-Step-by-step					
-J F	1 / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5			

example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example).

Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
Module-4		

Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorer-Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points.

Textbook 2: Ch 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Module-5		

Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screensHOT- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA

Textbook 2: Ch 8 Textbook 1: Ch 13

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	

Course Outcomes

CO 1. To Understand the basic concepts of RPA

- CO 2. To Describe various components and platforms of RPA
- CO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data manipulation techniques
- CO 4. To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
- CO 5. To Describe various types and strategies to handle exceptions

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Tom Taulli , The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems, 2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : Apress
- 2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher: Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN: 9781788470940

Reference:

- 1. Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes, Lauren Livingston, "Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
- 2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant
- 3. Srikanth Merianda, Robotic Process Automation Tools, Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

NOSQL DATABASE			
Course Code:	21CS745	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Recognize and Describe the four types of NoSQL Databases, the Document-oriented, KeyValue
- CLO 2. Pairs, Column-oriented and Graph databases useful for diverse applications.
- CLO 3. Apply performance tuning on Column-oriented NoSQL databases and Document-oriented NoSQL Databases.
- CLO 4. Differentiate the detailed architecture of column oriented NoSQL database, Document database and Graph Database and relate usage of processor, memory, storage and file system commands.
- CLO 5. Evaluate several applications for location based service and recommendation services. Devise an application using the components of NoSQL.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture methods, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Why NoSQL? The Value of Relational Databases, Getting at Persistent Data, Concurrency, Integration, A (Mostly) Standard Model, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL,

Aggregate Data Models; Aggregates, Example of Relations and Aggregates, Consequences of Aggregate Orientation, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Summarizing Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

More Details on Data Models; Relationships, Graph Databases, Schemaless Databases, Materialized Views, Modeling for Data Access,

Textbook1: Chapter 1,2,3

Teaching-Learning Process

Module-2

Distribution Models; Single Server, Sharding, Master-Slave Replication, Peer-to-Peer Replication, Combining Sharding and Replication.

Active learning

	03.09.2022	
Consistency, Update Consistency, F Durability, Quorums.	Read Consistency, Relaxing Consistency, The CAP Theorem, Relaxing	
	em Transactions, Version Stamps on Multiple Nodes	
Textbook1: Chapter 4,5,6		
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning and Demonstrations	
	Module-3	
Map-Reduce, Basic Map-Reduce, Two Stage Map-Reduce Example, I	Partitioning and Combining, Composing Map-Reduce Calculations, A ncremental Map-Reduce	
-	Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles,	
Preference, Shopping Cart Data Transactions, Query by Data, Oper	a, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation ations by Sets	
Textbook1: Chapter 7,8		
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based	
	Module-4	
Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-	Document Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Time Analytics, E- Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex perations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning	
reaching Learning rrocess	Active rearining	
	Module-5	
Graph Databases. What Is a Gran	bh Database?, Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query	
-	ses, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services,	
Recommendation Engines, When N		
Textbook1: Chapter 11		
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning	
Course Outcomes (Course Skill S	let)	
At the end of the course the studen	it will be able to:	
CO1. Demonstrate an understandin	ng of the detailed architecture of Column Oriented NoSQL databases,	
Document databases, Graph databa	ases.	
CO2. Use the concepts pertaining t	o all the types of databases.	
CO3. Analyze the structural Models	s of NoSQL.	
CO4. Develop various applications	using NoSQL databases.	
Assessment Details (both CIE an	d SEE)	
-	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
	he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/	
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
	0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks		
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}		
	he 10 th week of the semester	
	e 15 th week of the semester	
Two assignments each of 10 Mark		
-		

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pearson Addision Wesley, 2012

Reference Books

- 1. Dan Sullivan, "NoSQL For Mere Mortals", 1st Edition, Pearson Education India, 2015. (ISBN- 13: 978-9332557338)
- 2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, "Making Sense of NoSQL: A guide for Managers and the Rest of us", 1st Edition, Manning Publication/Dreamtech Press, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351192022)
- 3. Kristina Chodorow, "Mongodb: The Definitive Guide- Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2013. (ISBN-13: 978-9351102694)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-to-nosql/(and related links in the page)</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0buKQHokLK8 (How do NoSQL databases work? Simply explained)</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.techtarget.com/searchdatamanagement/definition/NoSQL-Not-Only-SQL (What is NoSQL and How do NoSQL databases work)</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.mongodb.com/nosql-explained (What is NoSQL)</u>
- 5. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20-cs92/preview (preview of Bigdata course contains NoSQL)</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Real world problem solving using group discussion.

	PROGRAMMIN	G IN PYTHON	
Course Code	21CS751	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
effective teaching meth 2. Use of Video/Animatio 3. Encourage collaborativ 4. Ask at least three HOT critical thinking.	ple Python progra ify Python object ty functions and pass ructures lists, tu eral Instructions) teachers can use to eed not to be only a nods could be adop in to explain function (Higher order Thin	ms /pes. s arguments in Python. ples, dictionaries. a ccelerate the attainme a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep () Learning in the class. hking) questions in the c	ent of the various course hod, but alternative nes. ts.
 design thinking skills s information rather tha 6. Introduce Topics in ma 7. Show the different way encourage the students 8. Discuss how every con 	uch as the ability t n simply recall it. anifold representat vs to solve the sam s to come up with t cept can be applied	e problem with different heir own creative ways d to the real world - and	ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and
helps improve the stud			
INTRODUCTION DATA, EXPRESSI	Modu		
Introduction: Creativity and motiv compiler, Running Python, The Fir expressions, statements, Operators Textbook 1: Chapter 1.1,1.2,1.3,1 Textbook 2: Chapter 1	vation, understand st Program; Data and operands.	ding programming, Ter types: Int, float, Boolea	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Active Learning	
	Modu		
CONTROL FLOW, LOOPS:			
Conditionals: Boolean values and op elif-else); Iteration: while, for, break	x, continue, pass sta		e), chained conditional (if-
Textbook 1: Chapter 3.1-3.6, chap		A T	
Teaching-Learning Process		, Active Learning, Demo	nstration
	Modu	le-3	
FUNCTIONS AND STRINGS: Functions: Function calls, adding ne Strings: strings, length of string, stri methods;			

Textbook 2: Chapter 3 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
0 0 0 0	Module-4
LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES:(
Lists: List operations, list slices, lis list comprehension;	st methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, listparameters,
Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple a	s return value, tuple comprehension;
Dictionaries: operations and met	hods, comprehension;
Textbook 2: Chapter 10,11,12	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning
	Module-5
REGULAR EXPRESSIONS, FILES A Regular expressions: Character expressions, Escape character	IND EXCEPTION: matching in regular expressions, extracting data using regula
Files and exception: Text files, re handling exceptions, modules.	eading and writing files, command line arguments, errors andexceptions
Textbook 1: Chapter 11.1,11.2,1 Textbook 2: Chapter 14	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Suggested Course Outcomes	
functions.	x and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and
	in handling Strings and File Systems. a using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries. //to files in Python Programs
Assessment Details (both CIE ar	nd SEE)
The minimum passing mark for t deemed to have satisfied the aca course if the student secures not	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark	
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}	
	the 10 th week of the semester
	e 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Marl	
-	nd of 4 th week of the semester
	end of 9 th week of the semester
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz a (duration 01 hours)	ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Mark
6. At the end of the 13^{th} we	ek of the semester
The sum of three tests, two assign and will be scaled down to 50 m a	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks arks

method	ls of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE me	thods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per	the outcome defined for the course.
Semest	ter End Examination:
Theory	SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
papers	for the subject (duration 03 hours)
1.	The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2.	There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a
	maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
3.	The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
	Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks
	_
Textbo	
1.	Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition,
	CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN_us/pythonlearn.pdf
2	Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2ndEdition, Green Tea
2.	Press, 2015. (Chapters 15, 16, 17)
	http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf
REFER	ENCE BOOKS:
1.	R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", dreamtech
2.	Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson
3.	Python Programming, Reema theraja, OXFORD publication
Weblin	iks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
1.	https://www.w3resource.com/python/python-tutorial.php
2.	https://data-flair.training/blogs/python-tutorials-home/
3.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c235EsGFcZs
4.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v4e6oMRS2QA
5.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uh2ebFW80YM
6.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oSPMmeaiQ68
7.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= uQrJ0TkZlc
8.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K8L6KVGG-70
A	w Decod Learning (Suggested Activities in Class) / Drestial Decod learning

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using python language

C		INTRODUCTION	I U AI AND ML	
Course Code	9	21CS752	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO1. Un so CLO2. Ex CLO3. Un	rning Objectives aderstands the basics of A lying plore the basics of Machinderstand the Working of earning Process (Generation)	ine Learning & Ma f Artificial Neural	achine Learning process, Networks	principles of AI for problem understanding data
-	ample Strategies, which t	-		ent of the various course
outcomes.				
1.	Lecturer method (L) ne	ed not to be only :	a traditional lecture met	hod but alternative
1.			ted to attain the outcom	
2.	Use of Video/Animation	-		
3.	Encourage collaborative	•	0	
3. 4.	Ask at least three HOT (lass which promotes
т.	critical thinking.		iking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes
5.	Adopt Problem Based L	earning (PBL) wh	uch fosters students' An	alvtical skills, develop
01	•	0.0		
	design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.			
6.	Introduce Topics in mai		ions	
0. 7.	-	-	e problem with different	circuits/logic and
/.			their own creative ways	
	-	-	•	
8.	Discuss now every conc	ept can be applied	d to the real world - and	when that's possible, it
8.	-			when that's possible, it
8.	helps improve the stude		ng.	when that's possible, it
Introductio Intelligent A Environmen	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir hts, the structure of Agen	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo	ory of Artificial Intelligence,
Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir nts, the structure of Agen : Chapter: 1 and 2	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts.	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of
Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir hts, the structure of Agen	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts. Chalk and boar	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept rd, Active Learning, Prob	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of
Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1 Teaching-L	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir its, the structure of Agen : Chapter: 1 and 2 earning Process	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts. Chalk and boar Modu	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept rd, Active Learning, Prob le-2	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of lem based learning
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Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1 Teaching-L Problem so	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir its, the structure of Agen : Chapter: 1 and 2 earning Process	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts. Chalk and boar Modu roblem solving a	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept d, Active Learning, Prob le-2 gents, Example problem	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of lem based learning
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Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1 Teaching-L Problem so Uniformed s Textbook 1	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir its, the structure of Agen : Chapter: 1 and 2 earning Process olving by searching: P search strategies, Inform	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts. Chalk and boar Modu roblem solving a ed search strategi	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept rd, Active Learning, Prob le-2 gents, Example problem es, Heuristic functions rd, Active Learning, Dem	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of lem based learning ns, Searching for solutions,
Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1 Teaching-L Problem so Uniformed s Textbook 1 Teaching-L	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir its, the structure of Agen :: Chapter: 1 and 2 earning Process olving by searching: Process earch strategies, Information :: Chapter: 3 earning Process	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts. Chalk and boar Modu roblem solving a ed search strategi Chalk and boar Modu	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept ' d, Active Learning, Prob le-2 gents, Example problem es, Heuristic functions ' d, Active Learning, Dem le-3	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of lem based learning ns, Searching for solutions, onstration
Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1 Teaching-L Problem so Uniformed s Textbook 1 Teaching-L Introductio Machine Lea	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir its, the structure of Agen : Chapter: 1 and 2 earning Process olving by searching: P. search strategies, Inform : Chapter: 3 earning Process on to machine learnin	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts. Chalk and boar Modu roblem solving a ed search strategi Chalk and boar Modu g: Need for Mac er fields, Types of	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept d, Active Learning, Prob le-2 gents, Example problem es, Heuristic functions d, Active Learning, Dem le-3 chine Learning, Machin Machine Learning, Chal	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of lem based learning ns, Searching for solutions, onstration e Learning Explained, and
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Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1 Teaching-L Problem so Uniformed s Textbook 1 Teaching-L Introductio Machine Lea Machine Lea Analytics fra	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir its, the structure of Agen : Chapter: 1 and 2 earning Process olving by searching: Pase chapter: 3 earning Process on to machine learning arning in relation to othe arning process, Machine ding Data: What is data imework, Descriptive sta	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts. Chalk and boar Modu roblem solving a ed search strategi Chalk and boar Modu g: Need for Mac er fields, Types of Learning applicat a, types of data, 1 tistics, univariate	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept d, Active Learning, Prob le-2 gents, Example problem es, Heuristic functions d, Active Learning, Dem le-3 chine Learning, Machin Machine Learning. Chali ions. Big data analytics and the second seco	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of lem based learning ns, Searching for solutions, onstration e Learning Explained, and lenges of Machine Learning, types of analytics, Big data
Introductio Intelligent A Environmen Textbook 1 Teaching-L Problem so Uniformed s Textbook 1 Teaching-L Introductio Machine Lea Machine Lea Understand analytics fra Textbook 2	helps improve the stude on: What is AI, The foun Agents: Agents and Envir its, the structure of Agen : Chapter: 1 and 2 earning Process olving by searching: Process cearch strategies, Information : Chapter: 3 earning Process on to machine learning arning in relation to othe arning process, Machine in anning process, Machine in anning Data: What is data	ents' understandin Modu dation of Artificia conments, Good E ts. Chalk and boar Modu roblem solving a ed search strategi Chalk and boar Modu g: Need for Mac er fields, Types of Learning applicat a, types of data, E tistics, univariate 2.5	ng. le-1 al Intelligence, The histo Behaviour: The concept d, Active Learning, Prob le-2 gents, Example problem es, Heuristic functions d, Active Learning, Dem le-3 chine Learning, Machin Machine Learning. Chali ions. Big data analytics and the second seco	ory of Artificial Intelligence, of rationality, the nature of lem based learning ns, Searching for solutions, onstration e Learning Explained, and lenges of Machine Learning, types of analytics, Big data ization

Understanding Data

Bivariate and Multivariate data, Multivariate statistics, Essential mathematics for Multivariate data, Overview hypothesis, Feature engineering and dimensionality reduction techniques,

Basics of Learning Theory: Introduction to learning and its types, Introduction computation learning theory, Design of learning system, Introduction concept learning.

Similarity-based learning: Introduction to Similarity or instance based learning, Nearest-neighbour learning, weighted k-Nearest - Neighbour algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter: 2.6 to 2.10, 3.1 to 3.4, 4.1 to 4.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Module-5		

Artificial Neural Network: Introduction, Biological neurons, Artificial neurons, Perceptron and learning theory, types of Artificial neural Network, learning in multilayer Perceptron, Radial basis function neural network, self-organizing feature map,

Textbook 2: Chapter: 10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design intelligent agents for solving simple gaming problems.
- CO 2. Have a good understanding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues and
 - Challenges of machine learning
- CO 3. Understand data and applying machine learning algorithms to predict the outputs.

CO 4. Model the neuron and Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Textbooks

- 1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight: "Artificial Intelligence", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009, ISBN-10: 0070087709

2. Nils J. Nilsson: "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Elsevier, 1980, ISBN: 978-3-540-11340-9.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://stpk.cs.rtu.lv/sites/all/files/stpk/materiali/MI/Artificial%20Intelligence%20A%20Modern%20Approach.pdf.

- 1. <u>http://www.getfreeebooks.com/16-sites-with-free-artificial-intelligence-e</u> <u>books/https://www.tutorialspoint.com/artificial_intelligence/artificial_intelligence_overview.ht</u> <u>m</u>
- 2. <u>Problem solving agent:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KTPmo-KsOis.</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X_Qt0U66aH0&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm_laSH_cH</u>
- 4. https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 6. <u>https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/</u>
- 9. https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to AI and ML.

1	NTRODUCTION	TO BIG DATA	
Course Code	21CS753	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03			
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Understand Hadoop Dis CLO 2. Explore Hadoop tools a CLO 3. Appraise the role of dat CLO 4. Identify various Text M Teaching-Learning Process (Gener These are sample Strategies, which the outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) nee effective teaching method	nd manage Hadoo a mining and its a <u>ining techniques</u> al Instructions) eachers can use to ed not to be only a	op with Sqoop applications across indu	ent of the various course chod, but alternative
2. Use of Video/Animation	to explain function	oning of various concep	ts.
3. Encourage collaborative	-	• •	
4. Ask at least three HOT (critical thinking.		, 0	class, which promotes
 Adopt Problem Based Leadesign thinking skills su information rather than Introduce Topics in man Show the different ways encourage the students Discuss how every concerned helps improve the stude 	ch as the ability to simply recall it. ifold representati to solve the same to come up with t ept can be applied	o design, evaluate, gene ions. e problem with differen heir own creative ways l to the real world - and	ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
	Modul	e-1	
Hadoop Distributed file system:HD Hadoop MapReduce Framework: T Programming	0		
Textbook 1: Chapter 3,5,68hr			
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Proble	em based learning
	Modul		
Essential Hadoop Tools: Using apa Apache Flume, Apache H Base	ache Pig, Using A	Apache Hive, Using Ap	oache Sqoop, Using Apache
Textbook 1: Chapter 78hr	<u>a</u> ,	· · · · -	
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Demo	nstration
	Modul	e-3	
Data Warehousing: Introduction Architectures	, Design Consi	deration, DW Devel	opment Approaches, DW
Data Mining: Introduction, Gatheri Mining, Data Mining Techniques	ng, and Selection	n, data cleaning and p	preparation, outputs ofData
Textbook 2: Chapter 4,5			
	Chalk and hoard	Problem based learnin	g Demonstration
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Modu	Problem based learnin	g, Demonstration

Decision Trees: Introduction, Decision Tree Problem, Decision Tree Constructions, Lessons from Construction Trees. Decision Tree Algorithm

Regressions: Introduction, Correlations and Relationships, Non-Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Advantages and disadvantages.

Textbook 2: Chapter 6,7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Module-5		

Text Mining: Introduction, Text Mining Applications, Text Mining Process, Term Document Matrix, Mining the TDM, Comparison, Best Practices

Web Mining: Introduction, Web Content Mining, Web Structured Mining, Web Usage Mining, Web Mining Algorithms.

Textbook 2: Chapter 11,14

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Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Suggested Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- CO 1. Master the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework.
- CO 2. Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic
- CO 3. Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
- CO 4. Use Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a

maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Textbooks

- 1. Douglas Eadline, "Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big DataComputing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1stEdition, Pearson Education, 2016.
- 2. Anil Maheshwari, "Data Analytics", 1stEdition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104189/</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mNP44rZYiAU
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qr_awo5vz0g</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rr17cbPGWGA</u>
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G4NYQox4n2g
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=owI7zxCqNY0</u>
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FuJVLsZYkuE

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of Big Data related projects

Exploring the applications which involves big data.

INTR	ODUCTION TO D	DATA SCIENCE	
Course Code	21CS754	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. To provide a foundation		-	
CLO 2. To familiarize data scien			
CLO 3. To Demonstrate the data			
CLO 4. To analyze the data scier		real time applications	5.
Teaching-Learning Process (Genera	l Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which tea	chers can use to ac	celerate the attainme	ent of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) need	not to be only a tr	aditional lecture met	hod but alternative
effective teaching method			
2. Use of Video/Animation t	-		
	-	• •	.5.
3. Encourage collaborative (-	
 Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. 	igher order Thinkii	ig) questions in the c	lass, which promotes
5. Adopt Problem Based Lea	rning (PBL), which	fosters students' An	alvtical skills, develop
design thinking skills such	0.0		
information rather than s	-	eoign, evaluate, gener	anize, and analyze
6. Introduce Topics in manif		c	
7. Show the different ways t	-		circuits/logic and
encourage the students to	-		
-	-	-	
8. Discuss how every concept below improved the student		the real world - and	when that's possible, it
helps improve the studen	Module-	1	
PREPARING AND GATHERING DATA			
Philosophies of data science - Data sci			uses of data science and hig
data - facts of data: Structured data, Ur			
Image and video streaming data -			
Programming framework, Data Integr			
Scheduling tools, Benchmarking Tools		-	-
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.4 Teaching-Learning Process	Challs and board	Active Learning, PPT	Pagad progentation
Teaching-Learning Process	Module-2	0	based presentation
THE DATA COUNCE DROCECC O			<u>.</u>
THE DATA SCIENCE PROCESS-Over			
creating project charter, retrieving da analysis, Build the models, presenting			
analysis, build the models, presenting	initiangs and build	ng application on top	or them.
Textbook 1:,Ch 2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	Active Learning, PPT	Based presentation
-	Module-3	-	
MACHINE LEARNING: Application for	machine learning	in data science- Tool	s used in machine learning-
Modeling Process – Training model – V			
learning Algorithm : Supervised learni			
		-	
Textbook 1: Ch 3.1 to 3.3			

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video
	Module-4
	ata visualization – Data visualization options – Filters – MapReduce –
Dashboard development tools.	
Textbook 1: Ch 9	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, MOOC
5 5	Module-5
CASE STUDIES Distributing data sto	prage and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk
when lending money.	
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the student	
CO 1. Describe the data science te	
CO 2. Apply the Data Science proc CO 3. Analyze data visualization t	
CO 4. Apply Data storage and pro	
Assessment Details (both CIE and	•
	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks ((duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5 th w	-
2. Second test at the end of the	
3. Third test at the end of the	
Two assignments each of 10 Marks	
4. First assignment at the end	
5. Second assignment at the en	
6	y one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks
(duration 01 hours)	
6. At the end of the 13 th week	of the semester
	ents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 mar	
	on of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	f CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per the outcome defined for the	
Semester End Examination:	
	University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
papers for the subject (duration 03	
	ve ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
	rom each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a
	ns), should have a mix of topics under that module.
-	wer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
	ortionally reduced to 50 marks
	OF GOTATE FLATER AND AND THE AND A STREET AN

Textbooks

1. Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman and Mohamed Ali, Manning Publications, 2016.

Reference Books

- 1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from the Frontline, Cathy O'Neil, Rachel Schutt, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2013.
- 2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2014
- 3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
- 4. Think Like a Data Scientist, Brian Godsey, Manning Publications, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/data-science-tutorial/what-is-data-science</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N6BghzuFLIg
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/what-is-datascience/fundamentals-of-data-science-tPgFU
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua-CiDNNj30</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using Data science techniques and demonstration of data visualization methods with the help of suitable project.